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OPTICIANS
By Appointment to H.E. Sir Roger Lumley Governor of Bombay
AWARDED GOLD MEDALS
BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
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GERMANS ADMIT REVERSES ON ALL FRONTS

GREAT ARCTIC BATTLE

German Attack On Convoy To Russia Smashed

(From Reuter's Naval Correspondent.)

BRITISH NORTHERN NAVAL BASE (DELAYED), June 24.

The Royal Navy's ships and planes have taken another valuable convoy to Russia and in smashing determined German attack "en route" they destroyed three U-Boats, damaged several more, and shot down six German planes. The Arctic night was rent for hours with the constant crash of depth charges. The German planes were all shot down a little over 600 miles from the North Pole—the furthest north that carrier borne aircraft have been in action. It all happened some time ago about the beginning of April when the "Tirpitz" was being bombed in her Alten Fiurd Lair. Security has prevented the story being told until now.

The weather conditions were extremely severe when the engagement began within the Arctic Circle. Vice Admiral F. H. G. Dalrymple Hamilton directed the counter-action against the powerful U-Boat force from his flagship cruiser "Diadem" and prevented any attack developing on the convoy. First blood fell to the British sloops, "Starling" and "Magpie." Patterning the tempestuous Arctic waters with depth charges, they were rewarded with deep underwater explosions followed by a rendering sound as the crushed U-Boat disintegrated and oil and wreckage came up to the surface. The destroyer "Keppel" finished the second U-boat and then a swordfish from a British built auxiliary aircraft carrier sighted a surfaced submarine.

The U-Boat gunner opened up on the aeroplane, but Avengers and Wildcats soon arrived and quickly silenced the submarine's guns. There was a heavy explosion and when the sloop "Starling" arrived the U-Boat had disappeared leaving a great patch of oil and one pillow floating on the surface. Another swordfish also spotted a surfaced U-Boat and depth charged it, but the submarine dived before supporting aircraft arrived.

The first Ju 88 shot down from a Luftwaffe unit attempting to shadow a convoy, left 200 feet of its wing on the plane which it destroyed, so close was the Arctic struggle fought out. Five other German planes followed.

All the pilots with whom I spoke were enthusiastic about the American built Wildcat which they say is better than any they have had before.

NAZIS SEND NEW LUFTWAFFE CHIEF TO FRANCE

BERNE: A new Luftwaffe Chief has arrived at the German H.Q. in Western France, says a Paris message. He is General Muller and he was in the early days of the war one of Field-Marshal Goering's Chief assistants. Muller is stated to have considerable offensive experience having received training under Field-Marshal Kesselring, the Luftwaffe boss, in Italy and North Africa.—India Press Service.

CUBAN COMMUNIST PARTY DROPS RED FLAG

HAVANA: The Cuban Communist Party will drop the Party name and become the Social Democratic Party. The Party will likewise abandon the use of Red Flag and the cell system of organisation. The Communist Party in Cuba has 130,000 registered members in a population of 5 millions.—India Press Service.

HARK!

TO THE VOICE OF TRUTH— THE VOICE THAT NO POWER COULD SILENCE!

Prabhat's RAMSHASTRI

FROM FRIDAY, JUNE 30

AT

CENTRAL

FRIDAY only THREE SHOWS 4 p.m. (Marathi) 7 and 10 p.m. (Hindi)

From SATURDAY Daily FOUR SHOWS 1 and 7 p.m. (Marathi), 4 and 10 p.m. (Hindi)

Advance Booking Open for Reservation 10 to 12 and 3 to 6

NAZIS WARN AMERICANS

10 U. S. Men Will Be Shot For Every German

LONDON, June 24.

The German Overseas News Service to-night broadcast a German High Command announcement stating that reports have been received that in the Cherbourg zone German prisoners of war—members of the Wehrmacht wearing the uniform of the Reich Labour Service with an armlet or badge marked Deutsche Wehrmacht—have been shot, and threatening that if the reports prove true ten American prisoners of war will be shot for each such German shot.—Reuter.

German Paper's Tribute To Eisenhower

STOCKHOLM: An appreciation of General Eisenhower, his personality and ability without a single disparaging comment is made by the Munich newspaper "Neuste Nachriten" in an article. "The American General has an athletic appearance, full health, strength and well formed head and jaw showing his great will and he is a man whom his countrymen would call "a man", the German editor wrote. The paper praised Eisenhower as a general of "great abilities, as an organiser" and said "he had demonstrated great good sense in leadership and tactics."—India Press Service.

POLITICAL COMPLICATIONS IN LEBANON

JERUSALEM, June 24: Political complications are again to the forefront in Lebanon where members of the Lebanese Chamber of Deputies yesterday called on President Sheikh Bishara Khoury and submitted a request for convening an extraordinary session of Parliament at the earliest opportunity. The President transmitted the request to the Cabinet which decided to hold the Session on July first when Prime Minister Raid Elsolh will seek a vote of confidence from the Chamber.—Reuter.

JAPANESE SABOTAGE SOCIETY IN BRAZIL

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 24: A Secret Japanese Society whose object is to sabotage Brazil's war effort has been discovered in the State of Parana in Southern Brazil. Seventeen Japanese have already been arrested. Their principal method of sabotage was setting fire to crops.—Reuter.

Madras-Orissa-Jeypore Discussions

CUTTACK, June 24.

The Government of Orissa have noticed various press reports and comments concerning the Machkand Hydro-Electric Scheme on the Duduma Falls lying on the boundary line of Koraput District of Orissa and the Vizagapatam District, of Madras, says a Press Note issued by Government of Orissa.

It is recalled that an adjournment motion was moved in the Legislative Assembly in March last to discuss this question and it was withdrawn. The Hon. Prime Minister gave an assurance at the time that the Assembly would be given an opportunity to examine the terms proposed before concluding any agreement with the Madras Government regarding the scheme.

At the present the proceedings of a preliminary conference of the representatives of the Madras and Orissa Governments and the Maharaja of Jeypore and his Dewan, held at Madras on 28th February, 1944, are being examined by Government and no commitments have yet been made as to the terms.

The Government of Orissa are giving the scheme their closest attention and it goes without saying that they would see that any agreement arrived at with Madras is not prejudicial to the best interests of Orissa and the Oriyas. According to the assurance given by the Hon. Prime Minister they also intend to consult the Legislature.

Meanwhile the Government of Orissa would like to impress on the public concerned that the success of the scheme as far as Orissa is concerned, would largely depend on the growth of industries in Orissa which can consume the power generated and it would be all to the good if prospective promoters of industries in the Province give their attention to this matter so that advantage can be taken of the power when it does become available without loss of time.—A. P.

ORISSA MINISTERS NOT RESIGNING

PURI, June 25: "Mr. A S Khan and myself had prolonged talks with His Excellency the Governor last evening. We are not resigning yet" said Pandit Godavaris Misra, Finance Minister, in an interview to the United Press.

Asked when they would meet His Excellency again Pandit Misra said that that would be decided after His Excellency's return to Cuttack.

It appears Pandit Misra met the members of the Parliamentary Swaraj Party before meeting His Excellency and acquainted the Governor with the reactions of his party members on the resignation of the Maharaja of Parlakimedi.

Mr. F. M. Evans, M.L.A. (nominated) also saw the Governor yesterday.

The Maharaja of Parlakimedi will see the Governor to-day.—United Press.

AMERICANS CAPTURE CHERBOURG: NAZIS GIVE WAY IN EAST

LONDON, June 25.

The German News Agency stated tonight that it is to be assumed that the Americans have succeeded in taking pos session of the City of Cherbourg.

Today's German Communique reported that Allied troops have reached the City boundaries of Cherbourg. They did so after several German strongpoints had been lost, the Communique said.

In Tilly area Allies passed over to attack with strong forces and the battle is in full swing.

IN ITALY

In Italy the Allies pressed back German lines several kilometers in the coastal area.

IN RUSSIA

On the Russian front the Germans are engaged in heavy defensive struggle along the entire central sector. The Russians succeeded in widening breaches east of Mogilev on the Smolensk highway and particularly in the area of Vitebsk.

COULD NOT RESIST TANK THRUST

Heavy, Bitter And Bloody Fighting

LONDON, June 25.

The German News Agency said to-day:—"In view of the enemy's crushing superiority, particularly in heavy arms and air power, it is to be assumed that the Americans have succeeded in taking possession of the town of Cherbourg in the course of to-day

The attack was launched by American infantry and tanks held in readiness in the area of Octeville. "Heavy, bitter and bloody fighting developed, the already depleted ranks of German defenders fighting with determination to the last", the agency said.

The Agency added that German grenadiers fighting in close range combat were unable to prevent American tanks penetrating into the city as they ran out of ammunition.

Germans Being Mopped Up

Reuter's special correspondent at S.H.A.E.F. cables:—

The Germans, cut off in the eastern tip of the peninsula in the American drive north to the sea, are being mopped up.

British and Canadian forces fighting north-east of Caen have again beaten off German counter-attacks and attempts at infiltration. There is also local activity in the Hottot-Tilly-Fontenay triangle, where the Fiftieth Northumbrian Division is in action in fluctuating fighting for the control of local strategic points.

Big air support is being given in and behind the battle area with wide sweeping attacks being carried out far to the rear against German reinforcements moving up to the fighting line.

An Allied task force of battleships, cruisers and destroyers carried out their first bombarment of targets in the Cherbourg area this afternoon. They were under the command of Rear-Admiral Morton Lyndhoim Deyo who was flying his flag in the America battleship "Tuscaloosa".

Allied warships probably firing from about 10 miles out at sea, duelled with fixed German heavy coastal batteries, which were hammered by Marauders yesterday.

TILLY SUR SEULLES CAPTURED

A New York telegram quoting official sources said British troops have captured Tilly Sur Seulles and advanced 1,000 yards beyond the town.

Reuter's Special Correspondent with the United States forces south of Cherbourg cabled at 9 a.m local time to-day:—

The hours of the doomed "Festung Cherbourg" were numbered today as American patrols probed into the city and the Allied ring of steel squeezed tighter round the port.

While American patrols moved into the city's main street last night feeling out German positions, the morale of the trapped troops is believed to have dropped lower. The Germans are surrendering by hundreds—in the last 24 hours the total amounts to over 1,800 prisoners.

A United States military authority said: "I believe we shall get there to-day. I do not see how we can miss".

FINAL ASSAULT BEGINS

This morning's S. H. A. E. F. "communique" stated:

"Allied troops are in the outskirts of Cherbourg and the final assault has begun. On a ten-mile front extending east and west of the city, our forces have advanced to within three miles of the sea. The enemy continues to fight desperately, but relentless Allied pressure is steadily overcoming the defences throughout the entire length of the narrow coastal strip.

In other sectors local fighting has left the front almost unchanged.

Taking advantage of improved weather, our airforces were out in great strength yesterday afternoon and evening, concentrating largely on the enemy's communications system. Fighters and fighter-bombers attacked railway-yards, tracks, bridges, tunnels and rolling-stock in a belt at the base of the Cherbourg peninsula ranging from Granville and Avranches in the west to Saint Lo on the river Vire.

Similar attacks were made on targets more distant from the battle zone".

FOLLONICA FALLS TO ALLIES

Stiffening Nazi Resistance: Attempt To Hold Up Advance

LONDON, June 25.

Mediterranean Allied Force Advanced Headquarter's 'communique' to-day announces that the Allies have captured Follonica, a coastal strongpoint on the German defence line facing Elba.

General Alexander's twin armies are steadily gaining ground right across the 140 mile long Italian front in the face of stiffening German resistance. General Kesselring has rushed more reserves south in an attempt to hold the Allied advance.

Reuter's special correspondent at Allied Headquarters in Italy cables:

The Fifth Army has now taken more than 30,000 prisoners since Salerno. They are still rolling in. Fifth Army troops have captured the villages of Pedrola and Tornello, six miles above Roccastrada.

A. D. Qureshi, special correspondent of the "Associated Press of India" with Indian troops in Italy cables:—

The Eighth Army has also made some progress west of Lake Trasimeno by occupying the villages of Pesola, Sarteano and Castelvieto. While the Eighth Army has been gaining force for a knock out attack, correspondent at the Headquarters were told to-day that the Germans are in a better state of organisation than for several weeks past. They have brought up more tanks, guns and artillery and are defending them skilfully.

Fight for Chiusi continues. Although Allied tanks penetrated into the town, General Kesselring's troops continue to cling tenaciously to this important communications centre west of Lake Trasimeno.

The stiffening of his resistance has put up the rate of German casualties. For instance, over 100 Germans dead were counted at San Fatucchio captured two days ago.

Adriatic forces after their race northwards are stopping along the Chienti River before recommencing their drive on the port of Ancona.

NAZI LINES TAKEN BACK FOR MILES

Powerful Soviet Forces Break Through To Bobruisk

LONDON, June 25.

The German News Agency reports German withdrawal before the Soviet Bobruisk breakthrough.

The statement was made by Colonel Ernst von Hammer, the Agency's military commentator, who said that the Russians tried all day yesterday with most powerful forces of battle-planes and ruthless deployment of tanks to break-through to Bobruisk from the south and the east." In long drawn-out fluctuating fighting German lines were taken back for some miles", he added.

Stalin's Order Of Day

MOSCOW, June 25: Marshal Stalin in an Order of the Day to General Zakharov, Commander of the Second White Russian Front, tonight said: "Troops of the second Byelo Russian front have broken through at Stislav.

Having forced the crossing of River Pronya west of the town of Mstislavl with the support of powerful blows from our air force and artillery, they have broggen through the German defence line covering the Mogilev direction on a front stretching over 45 kilometres. In three days' offensive fighting our troops advanced up to 30 kilometres extending the breach to 75 kilometres along the front and occupying Chausy and more than 200 other inhabited localities."

The Order added that to-night at midnight Moscow will salute the victorious troops with 20 salvoes from 224 gune.—Reuter.

Mahatma Will Not Fail If Govt. Takes A Step

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, June 25.

"It is a long time yet" That is the cryptic reply available from Gandhiji's associates to enquiries made regarding his future plans. There, however, prevails a feeling of cautious optimism in local political circles.

It is stated things definitely are on the move now and only if Government takes a few preliminary steps in the right direction, the political deadlock will be on its way to solution.

LEADERS' DEPUTATION

POONA, June 26.

The Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, Mr. G. D. Birla and a few other friends saw Mahatma Gandhi today.

He also received a deputation of six prominent Congress leaders of Maharashtra and discussed with them the political situation. The Congress leaders apprised him of the conditions in Maharashtra with particular reference to the constructive work carried on by Congressmen in this province.

A spacious bungalow with enough open space to enable Mahatma Gandhi to have his daily walks within has been fixed up for his residence at Panchgani. The bungalow, known as "Dilkhusa", is situated on the main road to Mahableshwar overlooking the sloping ghats.

WITH THE PATHOLOGIST

The keen interest which Mahatma Gandhi evinced in the pathological examination which Dr. Gajjar carried out is shown in the movies which Mahatma Gandhi's grand nephew, Mr. Kanu Gandhi, took at Juhu. The film which was screened for a few friends this evening shows the lively interest which Mahatma Gandhi took in the pathologist's work. He was seen sitting on a stool with a microscope trained in front of him and Mahatma Gandhi was wonderingly examining the culture plate.

Other shots screened showed an intimate personal study of Mahatma Gandhi at the spinning wheel, on his daily walks and one in which he was seen in a hilarious laughter.

No Early Statement

Though there has been considerable improvement in Mahatma Gandhi's health since he took up residence in Poona, it is pointed out that his condition is far from normal and it would take many weeks before he could apply himself wholly to the many tasks that await his attention. He is anxious to return to Wardha as early as possible and after a three weeks' stay at Panchgani, he hopes to go to Wardha. His mail is daily increasing.

It is authoritatively stated that Mahatma Gandhi will not be in a position to make any political pronouncement for some more time to come.

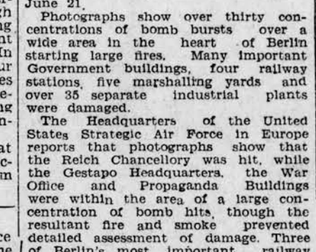
Slow Progress

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder examined Mahatma Gandhi to-day. A bulletin issued on his health says:—

"Gandhiji has been having more rest in Poona and he continues to make slow progress. We have noticed in the papers a statement that he has been restored to "almost normal health." We regret that we have to contradict this as it is likely to mislead the public. His health is still far from normal. He is not yet free from his intestinal parasites. The anaemia is also still there and the blood pressure continues to be erratic.

Arrangements are being made to take him to Panchgani next week.

The bulletin is signed by Dr. Sushila Nayar and Dr. Gilder.—A. P.



NAZIS BOMBED OUT OF CHANNEL

Photographs Show German Capital On Fire

LONDON, June 25.

Eighty vessels were sunk in the ports of Le Havre and Boulogne in R.A.F. day and night attacks of June 14 and 15. The total includes 22 E and R-Boats. "It is clear that in these attacks the Bomber Command put out of action a substantial proportion of German forces in the Channel", said the Air Ministry on Saturday night.

Pilotless Plane Sites Bombed

Over 1,000 aircraft bombed 19 pilotless plane sites between 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and 3 o'clock this morning (local time), it is officially announced.

German fighter packs lay low during daylight attacks, but at night they were operating in some force. Scores of searchlights were switched on. Before the end of the attack smoke was rolling up from the target area.

While these raids were taking place Mosquitos carrying 4,000-pounder bombs were attacking Berlin.

Airfields Attacked

United States "Liberators" and "Fortresses" escorted by strong forces of fighters to-day attacked several airfields and one German oil dump in France, it is officially announced.

An Air Ministry "communique" today said that "last night aircraft of Bomber Command made heavy attacks on military installations in northern France. Mosquitos attacked objectives in Berlin and mines were laid in enemy waters. Twenty-three of our aircraft are missing."

Berlin On Fire

Official photographs confirm that most of the devastating daylight blow Berlin has ever received was that struck by United States heavy bombers of the Eighth Air Force on June 21.

Photographs show over thirty concentrations of bomb bursts over a wide area in the heart of Berlin starting large fires. Many important Government buildings, four railway stations, five marshalling yards and over 35 separate industrial plants were damaged.

The Headquarters of the United States Strategic Air Force in Europe reports that photographs show that the Reich Chancellory was hit, while the Gestapo Headquarters, the War Office and Propaganda Buildings were within the area of a large concentration of bomb hits, though the resultant fire and smoke prevented detailed assessment of damage. Three of Berlin's most important railway stations were also hit, namely, Potsdamer, Anhalter and Friedrichstrasse.

Government printing, telegraph and post office buildings were also hit. In the Treptow and the Kopenick districts fourteen factories were damaged. Berlin's largest railway marshalling yard, Tempelhof, was bombed while many factories were hit in Reinickendorf and Wedding districts.—Reuter.

LONDON, June 25.—Damage and casualties have been reported as the result of German air activity over Southern England last night (Saturday) following a lull of about 14 hours.

AMERICAN CRITICISM OF BRITAIN

Lyttelton's Statement Taken As Indication That U. S. Must Bear The Brunt

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 24.

Echoes of the statement by the Minister of Production, Captain Oliver Lyttelton—which he afterwards corrected—that the United States provoked the Japanese into the Pearl Harbour attack had barely died down here when the Minister's reference to the British part in the war against Japan again aroused criticism of Britain.

Captain Lyttleton's comment yesterday that "it is impossible to employ the whole of the forces we have now mobilised against Japan "owing to distances and logistic difficulties has been branded in some American quarters as a clear indication that Britain intends to throw as much as possible of the burden of defeating Japan on to America's shoulders.

Even some good friends of Britain here, while fully appreciating facts, felt that Captai Lyttleton could have worded his last statement more diplomatically.—Reuter.

NEWS IN BRIEF

CAWNPORE PROTEST AGAINST PAPER CONTROL ORDER

A resolution expressing great dissatisfaction at the immediate enforcement of Paper Control Economy Order 1944 was passed at a meeting of the proprietors and editors of Cawnpore newspapers and presses held under the presidentship of Mr. Vidyarthi, President, Journalists Association held on June 24.—A. P.

INDEPENDENCE DAY SENTENCES

HABIBGANJ, June 23: Mr. Tarapada Bhattacharya, Secretary of the Communist Party and three members of the Students Federation have been sentenced to four months' imprisonment in connection with hoisting ceremony on "Independence Day."—A. P.

LOSSES IN MARIANAS CAMPAIGN

PEARL HARBOUR, June 24.

The Headquarters of the United States Pacific Fleet announces the total American and Japanese losses in the Marianas campaign were: JAPANESE: 42 ships sunk and two probably sunk, 47 ships damaged and 638 planes lost. AMERICAN: Four ships damaged, 98 planes and 28 pilots lost.—Reuter.

Late News

BATTLE FOR HENGYANG

CHUNGKING, June 25: A Chinese 'communique' to-day reported heavy fighting at the outer defences of Hengyang near Changsha in China ricebowl province of Hunan. At one point the Japanese were said to be under four miles east of the town.

C.-IN-C. OF FRENCH FORCES

The following official announcement was issued from S.H.A.E.F. tonight: "General Koenig, Commander-in-Chief of the French Forces in Britain, has been vested by the French authorities with the command of the French Forces of the interior. General Koenig is acting under and by authority of the Supreme Commander in directing operations of resistance forces in France.—Reuter.

S. FRANCE TARGETS ATTACKED

Allied Headquarters in Italy, Sunday:— Strong forces of Italy based heavy bombers to-day bombed rail targets and oil installations in Southern France.—Reuter.

SHAEF, June 25: Although news of the capture of Cherbourg was expected at any moment to-night, there was no immediate official confirmation of the German News Aggency statement that the town was assumed to have fallen.—Reuter.

BOMBAY MUTUAL RECORDS RAPID ADVANCE

31/4 Crores New Business In 1943

The ordinary general meeting of the members of the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., was held on Saturday.

The Chairman, Rao Bahadur U. S. Desai, called upon the Manager to read the Notice convening the meeting.

The Report of the Directors and the Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1943, were, with the consent of the meeting, taken as read and the Auditors' Report appended to the Balance Sheet and Revenue Account for the year was read out at the Meeting.

STRESS AND STRAIN

The Chairman in moving the adoption of the Report and Accounts, said:—

It is a matter of great delight to be able to commend to you for adoption a very satisfactory Report by the Directors and Accounts and Balance Sheet of the Society.

Notwithstanding the difficulties created by the war in the form of ever-increasing prices of necessities of life, Taxes on Income and heart-rending situation created in Bengal, and Malabar by famine, the Society has, in the year under review, written a paid-for New Business of the value of about Rupees 3¼ Crores. This figure is higher than that in the previous year by 88 per cent, and is the highest ever attained by the Society in its history. The credit of this success must go mainly to the Chief Agents and other field workers who have strained every nerve to enhance the prestige and position of the Society.

It appears that the stress and strain which the war caused on the business of insurance and the consequential depression of business in 1940-41 is lessening and in some quarters it is being felt that the era of prosperity has set in. In my opinion we should be rather cautious in coming to such a conclusion. The level of prices of foodstuffs is still very high and indications of further increases are not wanting. The rate of taxes is mounting higher and higher every year. The saving capacity of a large percentage of the population has been seriously crippled and the growth of insurance habit has therefore to some extent received a setback. The increase in the business appears to be mainly due to the conditions created by war. This is evidenced by the fact that the average amount of policy which before the war stood at Rs. 1,498 has risen to Rs. 2,213. The average premium per thousand of the new business has increased from Rs. 55-3 to Rs. 59-7. While appreciating the phenomenal rise in business, let us not be too optimistic. Let us be cautious and start planning ahead for the situation which may arise when war conditions disappear and the possibilities of heavy lapses, policies being made paid-up or being surrendered increase. I am not an alarmist and do not wish to make insurance men nervous, but wisdom lies in making preparations to cope with the situation which may or may not arise. Gentlemen, I wish to assure you that if, unfortunately this happens, your Directors will take all necessary steps to protect the interest of the Society and they are confident that the Chief Agents and other workers will do their level best not only to maintain the progress of new business but also to retain as much of the business as possible in the Society's books.

In the current year the progress of business is still more encouraging. We are, period for period, already ahead of last year by about one crore. Our Chief Agents have assured us that if the present tendency continues and no unforeseen adverse circumstances supervene, they will make the Society achieve greater progress.

INCOME AND EXPENSES

The premium income during the year including consideration for annuities granted amounted to Rs. 81,45,836-8-9 and the total expenses to Rs. 22,33,994-3-5 and as already reported by the Directors in their report, the renewal expense ratio as calculated according to Rule 25(6) of the Insurance Rules 1939 is 12.88 as against 13.51 in the previous year. Increase in the cost of stationery and printing, higher rates of postage, all-round increase in the rates pertaining to other items of expense and, above all, the dearness allowance allowed to staff tend to increase the ratio of expenses. To have brought down the Renewal Expense Ratio in such circumstances is, therefore, very satisfactory.

CLAIMS

Our Claim experience is very satisfactory. The claims by death, inclusive of bonus additions, amounted to Rs. 10,04,010-2 as against Rs. 9,65,226-7 during 1942. Those by maturity amounted to Rs. 4,09,550-12-8 and Permanent Disability Benefit to Rs. 4,815. An amount of Rs. 13,154 was paid by way of annuities. Of the outstanding claims shown in the Balance Sheet Rs. 3,82,297 has since been paid and Rs. 3,00,163-9-6 has been passed for payment and is awaiting proof of title.

INVESTMENTS

The total investments at their Book Values in Government Securities are Rs. 1,35,81,644-13-0, in approved securities Rs. 78,08,408-11-1, in other securities Rs. 62,38,801-11-4 and in real estate Rs. 39,74,549-4-11.

The interest yield on the Life Fund for the year calculated according to Regulation 3(1) of Schedule IV, Schedule to the Insurance Act comes to 4.07 as against 4.19 for the previous year. According to that regulation the Tax deducted at source has to be excluded. This statutory provision for working out the yield, coupled with the provisions of Section 27 of the Insurance Act, has made the task of the Insurance Companies very difficult, specially when the rate of Income-tax is being increased every year. The representations made by the Life Offices generally and the Indian Life Assurance Offices Association specially have, however, brought welcome results inasmuch as the maximum rate of tax payable by a Life Office has been fixed at 63 pies in a Rupee. It must, however, be observed that the relief given is not satisfactory. In England the ceiling for Life Offices has been fixed at the rate prevailing in the year 1940-41. In India, unfortunately, it has been fixed at the level of rate applicable in the year 1942-43. May I earnestly appeal to the Government to reconsider the position and reduce the rate of tax to the 1940-41 level as has been done in England? I trust the Indian Life Assurance Offices Association will pursue the matter further and approach the Government to allow to Indian Life Offices the benefit of the same relief which has been conceded in England.

A VITAL CHANGE

Another change of vital importance to the insuring public has been made in the Income Tax Law. In addition to the limitations on the extent of the amount on which actual rebate can be claimed on premium paid by a policy-holder, a third has been added. The amount of premiums paid in excess of 10 per cent. of the Sum Assured will now be disallowed and will not be taken into consideration while giving tax relief. This amendment has ostensibly been made to prevent misuse which it was alleged was being made of the concession, by taking short term policies. It is unfortunate that while following English Law in the matter the good features of that law have not been introduced. Under English Law there is no limit of amount upto which premium paid can be allowed as rebate except the amount which is in excess of 1/6th of Taxable Income. If the Government considered imposing of this condition of 10 per cent. necessary it should have waived the limitation of Rs. 6,000. So long as this limitation of Rs. 6,000 operates it is really a great hardship to disallow portion of the premiums in excess of 10 per cent. of Sum Assured. This provision will seriously affect the growing tendency of well-to-do people to divert surplus funds to insurance. The policy underlying the amendment will obviously checkmate to some extent, the role that Life Offices were and are playing in fighting inflation. The Government is itself addressing appeals to the public to put their surplus funds in, amongst other things, life policies. Either the limit of Rs. 6,000 or the restrictions of 10 per cent. limit on premiums should be removed. If either of the two things is done, Life Offices would be able to help the Government in checking, to a large extent, the inflation tendencies. I trust the Government will give the matter its sympathetic consideration.

The position regarding Calcutta building during the year under review is the same as in the previous year.

RELIEF

You must have noticed in the Revenue Account that the Board has donated, on behalf of the Society, Rs. 1,000 to the Bijapur Relief Fund, Rs. 1,000 to the Bengal Relief Fund and Rs. 500 to the Rayaleseema Famine Relief Fund. The terrific toll of life taken by the famine in these places is well-known to you. It may be that some of the afflicted persons are members of the Society. Looking to the justice of the cause for which the donations were made, you will, I hope, appreciate the step taken by the Board and accord your confirmation to it.

GENERAL

In view of the rapid expansion of the business, the Directors have appointed Mr. T. C. Kapur, B.A., LL.B., as Manager of the Society. Mr. Kapur is a well-known figure in the insurance world and was connected with the Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., of Lahore for a period of 17 years. During this period he successfully developed and efficiently managed the business of that Company and by his ability and devotion to work achieved a record of which anyone in the insurance world may well be proud.

In conclusion I take this opportunity of thanking sincerely all our Chief Agents and Agents for the great labour put in by them in the course of the year.

To the Secretary and the Staff at Head Office we owe our appreciation for their devoted service, in recognition of which your Directors recommend bonus to the staff who were in the Society's service on the 31st of December, 1943.

Gentlemen, now I beg to move that the Directors' Report and Audited Revenue Account and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December 1943, be approved and adopted.

The Report and Accounts were adopted. The Retiring Directors Mr. A. S. Parikh and A. H. Wadia were re-elected.

The Meeting confirmed the donation of Rs. 1,000/- to the Bijapur Relief Fund, Rs. 1,000/- to the Bengal Relief Fund, Rs. 500/- to the Rayalaseema Famine Relief Fund. The Payment of a bonus to the officers and staff of the Society was also sanctioned.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Howard Thomson Joins Pathe Pictures

LONDON (By Mail): Howard Thomson, former producer of B.B.C. Brain Trust, has joined the Pathe Pictures Ltd. and the Association of Pictures Corporation.—India Press Service.

MUSEUM FOR INDIAN ART & CULTURE

LONDON, June 24.—The establishment of an adequate Museum representing Indian Art and Culture in London is urged by "Indian Affairs", organ of the India Burma Association.—Reuter.

(The subscription list will open on Friday 30th June 1944 and close as soon as it is estimated that the capital offered for subscription has been taken up but not later than 12 noon Monday 3rd July 1944).

(A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE REGISTRAR OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES, MADRAS).

PROSPECTUS OF

THE VENKULAM RUBBERS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies, Act 1913)
(Liability of Members Limited).

Authorised Capital Rs. 5,00,000

Divided into:
2,50,000 Ordinary Shares of Re. 1/- each ..... " 2,50,000

25,000 6-1/2% tax free (British Indian) Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each ..... " 2,50,000

PRESENT ISSUE

1,25,000 Ordinary Shares of Re. 1/- each Rs. 1,25,000
(Payable on application in full)

12,500 6 1/2% tax free British Indian Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each Rs. 1,25,000

Payable on application Rs. 5/-
" " allotment " 5/-

(The Preference Shares carry rights to cumulative dividends and also the right to obtain preferential payment of dividend over the ordinary shares and in the event of winding up or amalgamation or liquidation of the company to prior payment of their capital and all arrears of dividend whether declared or not up to the date of winding up in priority to the ordinary shares).

With

1,500 5-1/2 per cent tax free 1st Mortgage Debentures of Rs. 100/- each ... Rs. 1,50,000

(Payable on application in full).

The Debentures which will be secured by a first Mortgage on the properties and assets of the Company, present or future, are repayable on 31st December, 1955, with option however to the Company to repay them either wholly or in part at any time after the 31st December, 1948. The debentures carry 5 1/2% interest free of tax in British India. The interest is payable half-yearly on the 2nd of July and the 2nd of January every year. The first of such interest payments will be made on the 2nd January, 1945, calculated from the date of allotment.

Towards amortization of the debentures a sinking fund will be created to which will be contributed:

Rs. 10,000 for each year commencing from the first year of the debenture itself which will be invested then and there in trust securities so that both the principal so contributed and invested and the interest thereon will accrue to the benefit of the debenture-holders and would be more than sufficient at the end of the term of debentures to repay in entirety the debenture capital of the Company. The Company reserves the right to buy in the open market any or all the debentures at any time at par or at a premium or at a discount as may become available for sale, by holders.

A draft Trust Deed containing the above and other safeguards to the debenture holders, signed for the purpose of identification by the debenture trustee designate, Mr. B. N. Visvanathan, M.A., B.L., of Messrs. B. N. V. & Co., Madras, the first Trustee for the debenture holders and the Company, is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company and at the office of the Underwriters. The other terms of the issue of the debentures are set forth in the draft Trust Deed particularly the right to the debenture trustee to attend meetings of the board at the expense of the company, etc.

The Directors and their friends have agreed to subscribe for 25,000 Ordinary Shares. The signatories to the Memorandum of Association have taken up 9,000 Ordinary Shares and the balance of 91,000 Ordinary Shares of Re. 1/- each, 12,500 Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each and 1,500 Debentures of Rs. 100/- each are offered to the public for subscription at par.

DIRECTORS:

1. Mr. M. S. PERIASAMI NADAR, "Spring Haven", Yercaud, Salem, Director: The Sheveroy Estates Ltd., The Savamalai Estates Ltd., The Neelamalai Tea & Coffee Estates Ltd., The Devicolam Estates Ltd., The Nelliampathy Tea & Produce Co., Ltd., The Amalgamated Coffee Estates Ltd.
2. Dr. T. S. DURAISWAMY, Ophthalmic Surgeon, Theagarayanagar, Madras Director: The Kothamungalam Rubber Estates Ltd., The Periyar Valley Rubber Estates Ltd., The Manjappara Estates Ltd., The Payannur Plantations Ltd., The Amalgamated Coffee Estate Ltd.
3. Mr. P. SURYANARAYANA, Merchant, 8, Boag Road Theagarayanagar, Madras, Director: The Ashur Textiles Ltd., The Vanguard Fire & General Ince. Co., Ltd., The Vanguard Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
4. Mr. A. S. PADMANABAN, Railway Road, Tennore, Trichinopoly. Director: The Karaikkal Electric Supply Co., Ltd., The Kothamangalam Rubber Estates Ltd., The Periyar Valley Rubber Estates, Ltd., The Manjappara Estates Ltd., The Payannur Plantations Ltd., The Amalgamated Coffee Estates Ltd.
5. Mr. A. I. JACOB, Arackal House, Kottayam (Ex-Officio), Managing Director: The Kottayam Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd.

UNDERWRITERS & BROKERS.

Messrs. B. N. V. & Co., Stock and Share Brokers. Members, Madras Stock Exchange Association Ltd. "Caithness Hall", Linghachetty Street, G. T. Madras.

BANKERS.

THE BHARAT BANK LTD., Madras.

AUDITORS:

Mr. N. VENUGOPAL, G.D.A., R.A., c/o Messrs. Rowe and Pal, Registered Accountants and Auditors, 12, Thambu Chetty Street, George Town, Madras.

LEGAL ADVISERS:

Mr. P. R. SRINIVASAN, B.A., B.L., Advocate, Madras.

MANAGING AGENTS:

The Indian Trades and Investments Limited, 24, Thirumurthy Street, Theagarayanagar, Madras.

REGISTERED OFFICE:

24, Thirumurthy Street, Theagarayanagar, Madras.

OBJECTS.

The Company has been started for the various purposes set forth generally in the Memorandum of Association (Copy whereof together with the names of the signatories thereto is annexed hereto and forms part of this Prospectus) and particularly to purchase and work the Venkulam Rubber Estate.

Acreage:

Rubber planted	1918/19	210 acres
-do-	1935/37	110 "
	Total	320 acres

SITUATION: The estate is situated on the banks of the Kakattu river in the Pathanamthitta Taluk (Central Travancore) which is a reputed rubber growing area in India and is free from Malaria. The Kakattu river is navigable throughout the year for all kinds of transport and it is a highly redeeming feature of the estate that in these days of costly motor transport, goods can be taken by waterways to and fro at very low transport charges. A good Government cart-road runs right to the estate. The neighbouring estates are Lahai (belonging to Malayalam Plantations Ltd.), Cavunal (belonging to the Cavunal Rubber and Tea Estates Ltd.), and Carmel.

PARTICULARS OF THE ESTATE

In giving full particulars about the estate the Directors feel that, it will be impossible for them to improve on the description given of the estate in the valuation report of the well-known and experienced planter, Mr. P. C. Abraham, B.A., B.L., General Manager of the Pallivathuckal Estates, and the Aero Rubber Works. Mr. Abraham has been connected with the planting industry in Travancore for a considerable number of years, and he is at present the Manager of Thurithepadavu Rubber Estates, Kamalagiri Cardamom Estate, Kalamparmpu Estates (South Malabar), Ponamala Plantations, (South Malabar), etc., etc.

The following are extracts from his report:—

"ELEVATION: The estate rises from 500 ft. to 1,200 ft. above sea level.

LAY OF THE LAND: The soil in this region is very fertile and the several pockets among the small hillocks are among the best I have seen.

RAINFALL: Averages about 150 inches per annum.

CROP: Crop for the last two years in the area tapped at present was reported to be 95,000 lbs., and 105,000 lbs., respectively. When I visited the estate tapping was in progress. Judging from the yield of the trees and that day's collection, I would easily arrive at the above figures as the annual yield of the estate. As the day's collection is 300 lbs., of (dry) rubber during this rainy season, calculating tapping days in the year and considering the higher yields during April, May and September, October and November. I would estimate with confidence an yearly crop of 1,05,000 to 1,10,000 lbs., of dry rubber.

IMMATURE AREA: There are various blocks of rubber totalling 110 acres replanted between 1935 and 1937. Out of over 14,000 plants said to be planted in this area, about 5,000 trees have an average girth of 20 inches at approximately 2 feet. These trees could be tapped immediately. Spraying and manuring would greatly improve this area also. The plants are said to be grown from Paalali seed and a crop of about 15,000 lbs., could legitimately be expected from this area. The remaining immature trees could be tapped within a period of two years.

ROADS: These are in a fair condition. The road from the river ferry to the smoke house is suitable for a car, or carts except during the heavy monsoon.

BUILDINGS: There is a conductor's house, rolling shed, smoke house and necessary coolie lines. In the rolling room there are two hand-rollers which are capable of turning out the expected maximum crop easily.

CROP VALUATION: I would estimate the present annual crop under efficient management as below:—

	lbs.
250 acres now under tapping 1944/45	1,10,000
From 25 acres mature trees after spraying and manuring	1,25,000
500 trees to be brought into tapping during 1944/45	17,500
Total ...	1,42,500
1945/46	
Mature area 250 acres	1,35,000
5000 trees to be brought into tapping during 1945/46 ...	17,500
Further 4,000 trees to be brought into tapping during the same season	12,000
Total ...	1,64,500

During the future years the crop will be increasing still further so that an yield between 1,60,000 and 1,70,000 lbs., of dry rubber can safely be expected from the estate.

VALUATION: Taking all the above factors into consideration, I should place the value, on present prices being paid for the estate, at:—

	Rs.
250 acres mature rubber including buildings and machinery @ Rs. 1,500 per acre	3,75,000
70 acres immature rubber tappable 1944/45/46 at Rs. 800/- per acre	56,000
Total ...	4,31,000

PROSPECTS

The Directors are pleased however to state that following the recent drop in the price of rubber estates, further negotiations were started and the price which was originally fixed as Rs. 4,25,101/- has been brought down to Rs. 3,50,000/- and at this price the contract has been finally concluded with the vendors. The Directors consider that the price agreed to be paid is very satisfactory when compared with recent deals for similarly placed estates. The following estimate of production costing and marketing and proforma administrative expenses, etc., indicate the prospects for this company during the next three years.

Year	Estimated crop lbs.	Estimated profit calculated @ 77 cts. less cost of production per lb., @ 30 cents.	Sinking Fund and debenture interest etc. Pref. div.	Net profit.	Percentage of dividend on Ordinary Shares.
1944/45	1,10,000	Rs. 51,700	Rs. 24,000	Rs. 8,750	Rs. 18,950 15%
1945/46	1,42,500	Rs. 66,975	Rs. 24,000	Rs. 8,750	Rs. 34,225 27%

*This is inclusive of monthly allowance of Managing Agents their commission of 7½% on the nett profit and administrative expenses

THE ABOVE WILL INDICATE A RETURN OF 15% TO THE ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS FROM THE FIRST YEAR RISING TO 27% IN THE SECOND YEAR. THIS IS REASONABLE CONSIDERING THAT YOUNG AREAS ARE COMING INTO BEARING DURING THE NEXT TWO YEARS.

WITH AN INCREASE IN THE PRICE OF RUBBER FROM THE PRESENT LEVEL OF 77½ CENTS YET GREATER PROSPERITY IS ASSURED.

APPROPRIATION OF SHARE & DEBENTURE CAPITAL

Out of the present issue of Rs. 4,00,000/- worth of shares and debentures, Rs. 3,50,000/- has to be paid to the vendor as purchase price for the estate. Out of the balance, preliminary expenses and brokerage will absorb about Rs. 34,000/- leaving a balance of Rs. 16,000/- for working capital. The object of issuing debentures is to reduce the purchase price of the estate by arranging the repayment of the debenture amount of Rs 1,50,000/-; with the result that when the debentures are amortised, the capitalisation could be brought down and the purchase price of the estate would work out to about Rs. 625/- per acre. This will not only improve the capitalisation of the company but will also confer a substantial advantage on the holders of the ordinary shares and increase the company's capacity to pay better dividends, not to speak of the possibility of maintaining dividends even in depression times.

MANAGEMENT

An agreement will be entered into between this Company and The Indian Trades and Investments Limited immediately after obtaining the commencement certificate appointing them as the Managing Agents of the Company on terms and conditions mentioned herein, more specifically detailed in the draft agreement, a copy of which is open for inspection by intending subscribers and which for purpose of identification has been signed by the two Directors.

The remuneration of the Managing Agents shall be as follows:—

(a) From the date of certificate of commencement of business a sum of Rs. 500/- per mensem as office allowance.
(b) 7½ per cent of the annual net profits of the Company, the net profit being calculated in accordance with the provision thereto in the Indian Companies Act.

All expenses incurred by the Managing Agents such as the salaries and remuneration of any Secretaries, Superintendents, assistants, clerks and other employees engaged in the estate or outside by the Managing Agents for the work of the Company, or of the Managing Agents, actual expenses, subject to audit in regard to Directors' fees, Directors' and Managing Agents' travelling expenses, stationery auditing of accounts and general charges for such items as legal expenses, printing, advertising, postages, telegrams, telephone, stamps and other miscellaneous charges by the Managing Agents shall be reimbursed by the Company.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATIONS & REMUNERATION

The qualifications of a Director other than the ex-officio Director shall be the holding of shares of the nominal value of Rs. 1,000/-. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, every Director including the ex-officio Director shall be paid out of the funds of the Company a remuneration of not less than Rs. 25/- for every meeting of the Board or its Committee that he attends. He shall be entitled to be paid his reasonable travelling, boarding and lodging expenses incurred in attending meetings held outside his place of residence. If any director shall be appointed to advise the Company as expert or make any special exertion for any of the purposes of the Company he may be paid out such extra remuneration as may be determined by the Directors.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

Mr. A. I. Jacob is interested in this Company as the option holder and in transferring his option to the Company, he gets no remuneration or profit on the deal. He is also interested as ex-officio Director nominated by the Managing Agents who draw the remuneration mentioned earlier in this prospectus. No other director is interested except to the extent of his holding in the Company and for remuneration to be received by him as mentioned in this prospectus.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

The preliminary expenses including stamp duty on conveyance, solicitors' fees and debenture expenses but exclusive of brokerage and underwriting commission are expected to amount to Rs. 14,000/- and this will be borne by the Company.

BROKERAGE & UNDERWRITING

The entire issue of shares and debentures has been agreed to be underwritten by Messrs. B. N. V. & Co., Stock & Share Brokers. Members: Madras Stock Exchange Association Ltd., 'Caithness Hall' 310/311, Lingha Chetty St., G.T., Madras for a commission of 4 per cent. The Directors are of opinion that the resources of the underwriters are amply sufficient to discharge their underwriting obligations.

VOTING RIGHTS

Every share entitles the holder thereof to one vote exercisable either in person or by proxy.

RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF SHARES

There are no restriction in the transfer of shares but the Directors as usual in most companies may not transfer shares to a person whom they do not approve of.

VENDORS & CONTRACTS & INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

Copies of the following documents are open to inspection during regular office hours at the Registered Office of the Company and at the Office of the Underwriters, for the time being the list is kept open

1. Agreement dated 14th June, 1943 between the Malabar Co-operation Rubber Co., Ltd., Alleppey and Mr. A. I. Jacob Arackal House, Kodimatha Kottayam and subsequent letters dated 25-12-1119, 3-4-1119 and 13th December, 1943 and 31st March, 1944, whereby the said Malabar Co-operation Rubber Co., Ltd., Alleppey has agreed to sell the Venkulam Rubber Estate to Mr. A. I. Jacob for a total consideration of Rs. 3,50,000/-.
2. Agreement dated 20th June, 1944 between Mr. A. I. Jacob and Mr. A. S. Padmanaban on behalf of the Company whereby Mr. A. I. Jacob has agreed to assign his right, title and interest in the above agreement to the Company without any profit for himself.
3. Draft copy of the Managing Agency Agreement.
4. Memorandum and Articles of association.
5. Underwriting Letter from Messrs. B. N. V. & Co., dated 20th June, and accepted by the Directors.
6. Valuation Report of Mr. P. C. Abraham.

GENERAL

All applications for shares are to be made in the attached form and forwarded with a remittance of the amount payable on application to the Underwriters or Bankers.

The Directors reserve to themselves the right to reject any application without assigning any reasons therefor.

Where no allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number of shares applied for, the surplus amount paid on application will be refunded to the applicant from the Registered Office of the Company.

"Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to the issue under Defence of India Rule 94-A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.'

(Sd.) M. S. PERIASAMI NADAR,
" T. S. DURAISWAMY,
" P. SURYANARAYANA,
" A. S. PADMANABAN,
" A. I. JACOB
Directors.

Madras, Date 20-6-1944

THE VENKULAM RUBBERS LTD.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act)

ORDINARY SHARES
APPLICATION FOR PREFERENCE SHARES
DEBENTURES

No.

Issue of 1,25,000 Ordinary Shares of Re. 1/- each
12,500 6 1/2 per cent tax free Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each
Payable as follows:—Rs. 5 on application, Rs. 5/- on allotment.
AND
1500—5 1/2 per cent tax free 1st Mortgage Debentures of Rs. 100/- each.
Payable in full on application.

To
The Venkulam Rubbers Ltd.,
MADRAS.

Dear Sirs,

I/We remit herewith the sum of Rs..... being a deposit of Rs. 1 per share / 5 per share / 100 per debenture ——for..... Ordinary Shares / Preference Shares / Debentures in the abovenamed Company. I/We request you to allot me/us that number of Shares / debentures on the terms of the Company's prospectus and the Memorandum and Articles of Association and I/we agree to accept the same or any smaller number allotted to me/us (and in the case of the Preference Shares pay the balance as and when called upon to do so), and I/we authorise you to register me/us as the holder of Shares / debentures allotted to me/us hereunder.

Name in full .....
Occupation .....
Address .....
.....
Signature .....
Date .....

Cheques to be crossed and to be drawn in favour of the underwriters and sent to the underwriters' office at Madras (B.N.V. & Co., P.B. 1232, Madras).

THE VENKULAM RUBBERS LTD.

Receipt for Deposit on Application for Ordinary Shares / Preference Shares / Debentures.

RECEIVED this ..... day of 1944
from.....the sum of Rs.....
.....being a deposit of Rs. 1 per share / 5 per share / 100 per debenture ——on Ordinary Shares / Preference Shares / Debentures of Rs. Re. 1/- / Rs. 5/- / Rs. 100 each in the above Company.

For THE VENKULAM RUBBERS LTD

Rs.....

N.B.—This receipt may be required to be exchanged for certificate. Hence please preserve.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

REGAL Air-Cooled 'Ph. 35017
at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

ALSO . . . First Pictures of the Allied Invasion and Landing Operations in Normandy

A SONG-FILLED DANCE DRAMA
AMAR Pictures'
PAIGAM
(Message)
SADHONA BOSE
and
SURENDRA
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Matinee on Sat. & Sun. at 1-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON

MISS JYOTI
Young multi-millionaire heiress poses as a School-teacher to Mr. JEEVAN, a struggling soul in GOVERNMENT'S ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
What follows then is thrillingly portrayed in the NEWEST
CHITRA PRODUCTIONS
'CHITRA'—Chitra
'Pratignya'
20TH 'ROYAL'-JEWEL
Directed by
NANDLAL JASVANTLAL
Featuring:
MOTILAL
• SUVARNALATA • VEENA • SUNETRA • NAGENDRA • HARI SHIVDASNI • BABY MEENA • EHUDO ADVANI •
Screen Play: K. S. DARYANI
Dialogues: WALLI
Camera: FARDOON IRANI
NEXT SATURDAY
Gala Metropolitan Premiere
MAJESTIC
Plans open from Wednesday.

RICH IN MUSIC AND LAUGH—
PRAKASH'S SOCIAL
POLICE
with PREM ADIB & RATNAMALA.
(7TH WEEK)
CAPITOL
Time: 4, 7, 10.
Sunday Matinee at 1 p.m.
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.

45TH WEEK
PRAKASH'S PRESENTATION TO NATION
RAMRAJYA
Direction: V. BHATT
SUPER
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 (Hindi). 9-45 (Marathi).
Fri., Sat., Sun. Ex. Hindi 12-30.
EVERGREEN RELEASE.

6TH WEEK
RANJIT'S
Bansari
CHARLIE, ISHWARLAL, SHAMIM.
Director: JAYANT DESAI
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE
Advance Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30.

7th WEEK! **IMPERIAL**
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

3RD HOUSEFULL WEEK!
Director: JAYANT DESAI'S Family Picture
MANORAMA
LEELA CHITNIS
ISHWARLAL
CHARLIE
AT NEW
WEST END
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun., and Holidays 1 p.m.
Advance Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

YOUR FAVOURITE STAR
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
BIDS YOU GOOD-BYE
in 19th Royal-Jewel
"NAI DUNIYA"
Now in 10th 'FAREWELL' Week
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7, 10. 'ZENANA' Show WEDNESDAY 1 p.m.

13TH WEEK OF GROWING POPULARITY!
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
Direction: K. DATE
Story: S. A. SHUKLA
MALI
(HINDUSTANI & MARATHI)
Starring: MASTER KRISHNARAO, BABY NALINI, AMIR KARNATKI.
Hindi: 4, 7 p.m.
Marathi: 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Fri. 1 p.m.
Booking 10-30 to 12-30; 5 to 6 p.m.
NOVELTY

42ND WEEK OF GLOWING SUCCESS
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
Starring: JAYASHREE
Shakuntala
SWASTIK
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun., Fri. 1-15 p.m.

A POET WHO HAD A PAPADWALA FOR RIVAL IN LOVE!
ATRE'S LAUGH-BLITZ
DIL-ki-BAAT
Durga Khote, Ishwarlal, Dixit, Vanmala.
3RD WEEK of LAUGHS!
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
MINERVA

INDIANS IN EAST AFRICA

To Represent Grievances To India Government

BOMBAY, Saturday.

With a view to making representations to the Government of India on the various hardships the Indian community in British East Africa headed by the Hon. Mr. Shamsud-Deen, M.L.C. Kenya Colony, will leave shortly for Delhi. Prior to their departure the delegation will meet Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Chairman of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, Mr. Dawood Hajee Nassar, President of the Africa Shippers' Association Bombay and Mr. Hooseinbhoy A Lalljee, M.L.A. (Central) and seek their advice and guidance in the matter.

Mr. Shamsud-Deen in a press statement says that the old restrictions on immigration and reservation of highlands for the Whites have revived to the detriment of the interests of Indians in Kenya and Tanganyika, and the Protectorates of Uganda and Zanzibar.—United Press.

36 HEAD OF CATTLE ROASTED ALIVE

PATNA, June 24.—Thirty-six head of cattle were roasted alive when a fire broke out in the house of a cultivator according to a report received from Chapra.

All the cattle lost were bullocks valued at about 300 each. The report adds that a quantity of foodgrains was also burnt in the fire.—A.P.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, the 29th June at 3 p.m. (N.S.T.) at the sale room of the undersigned:

A small collection of porcelain figures, incense burners, satsuma vases, brass and bronze articles, birds bath, garden shells, Chinese vases, silver vases and center pieces, paintings and similar other decorative articles Pocket and wrist watches, table clocks, I Mc. Cabb pocket watch, 2 Diamond tie pins, 1 Diamond and Ruby ring, "Soho" hand camera, carpets, rolled top desk silk tapestry-ned drawing room suit of 10 pieces, drawing room settee and chairs, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., 123, Medows Street, Fort.

PAINTER'S ROMANCE THAT HURDLES THROUGH....
REKHA
LEELA CHITNIS
KAMAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
VISHWAS—17th Week EDWARD
Happy Releases.

5TH CROWDED WEEK! 5TH
Raj Laxmi's glorious screen Epic!
Mahakavi
KALIDAS
Pahari, Snehprabha, and Vanmala
KRISHNA Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., at 1 p.m.

At the TOP of Bombay's entertainment World
LAXMI'S Love Lyric
KADAMBARI
SHANTA APTE, VANMALA, PAHARI
7TH WEEK
ROXY
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Advance Booking 9-30 to 12 and 3-30 to 6

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION'S WORLD-WIDE ACTIVITIES

132 Centres Carry On Humanitarian Service Irrespective Of Creed Or Rank

The annual general meeting of the Ramakrishna Mission was held at the Belur Math premises on the 7th April. The following is a brief report of the work done by the Mission during 1943.

CENTRES

There were altogether 68 Mission and 64 Math centres which, including 11 sub-centres, conducted 361 permanent institutions of various types for the service of men and women irrespective of caste, creed or status. Preaching through classes or lectures with a non-sectarians outlook was a common feature of all centres.

RELIEF WORK

From June the Mission undertook the Bengal Distress Relief and continued the previous year's Cyclone Relief Work in Midnapore 24-Parganas and Balasore—both activities being of colossal dimensions In the former, 23,705 mds. of rice, 2,209 mds. of other food-grains, 14,696 cloths and chaddars, 2,427 blankets, 2,039 banians, etc., and Rs 35,645-6-0 in cash were distributed through 75 centres amongst a maximum of 1,29,000 recipients living in 1,169 villages and 22 towns, spread over 19 Districts, while 13 Milk Canteens were run for a maximum of 3,070 children and invalids daily, and 7 free kitchens daily fed a maximum of 8,240 persons. In the Cyclone Relief the Mission distributed through 10 centres 88,691 mds. of rice, 26,925 mds. of other food-grains, 35,289 new cloths, 9,678 blankets, 842 shirts and frocks, 80 mds. of diet etc., and Rs. 7,038 in cash, the maximum number of weekly recipients being 64,300 and the maximum quantity of weekly doles 2,500 mds. of rice Through its 4 Medical units 68,805 malaria and other cases were treated These two Relief activities are still continuing on a small scale.

The Mission distributed Rs. 22,963-6-0 among 1,153 Burma evacuees, and 3,000 pieces of standard cloth and a bale of grey shirting together worth Rs. 8,416-7-9 among the evacuees residing in Chittagong and Noakhali districts.

The Mission also did Flood Relief in the Burdwan District at a cost of nearly Rs. 13,500. Famine Relief in Bijapur, Malaria Relief at Baniyachong in Sylhet and Cholera Relief in Calicut (Malabar).

"Medical Work": The Mission conducted 6 General and 2 Maternity Hospitals and 49 Outdoor Dispensaries including a T B. Clinic with altogether 7,743 indoor cases, including 1,161 surgical ones and 13,77,858 outdoor cases.

EDUCATIONAL WORK

The Mission also conducted a residential I. A College at Belur, 21 High Schools and 14 M. E Schools with 5,862 boys and 2,889 girls, 57 Primiary Schools with 2,126 boys and 1,333 girls, and 15 Night Schools with 471 students. It also ran 38 Students' Homes for 1,203 students and 4 Industrial Schools with 190 boys. The total number of students in all these was 14,020.

"Uplift of backward classes and areas:" Some of the Mission centres in Bengal and Assam paid particular attention to this much needed uplift work.

"Foreign Work:" In U.S.A., Argentina, England, Mauritius, etc., cultural contacts between the East and West were made through 17 centres.

Excluding the receipts and disbursements for Relief Work the Mission's total income during the year war Rs. 21,12,386-0-3 and total expenditure Rs. 20,60,031-4-11.

SETALVAD'S CONDOLENCE ON DEATH OF P. C. RAY

NEW DELHI: Mr. J. C. Setalvad, President of the Federation of the Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, has sent condolences to the Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University, on the death of Sir P. C Ray.—United Press.

NEW COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AT ANAND

POONA, June 25: It is understood that a sum of Rs. 5,00,000 has been offered by Sheth Mafatlal Gagalbhai of Bombay to Mr. K. M. Munshi, President of the Anand Agricultural Institute, for starting a new College of Agriculture at Anand in Gujerat Mr. Munshi has written to H. E. the Governor for further assistance in the matter, and the Government of Bombay is said to be sympathetically considering the proposal.—A. P.

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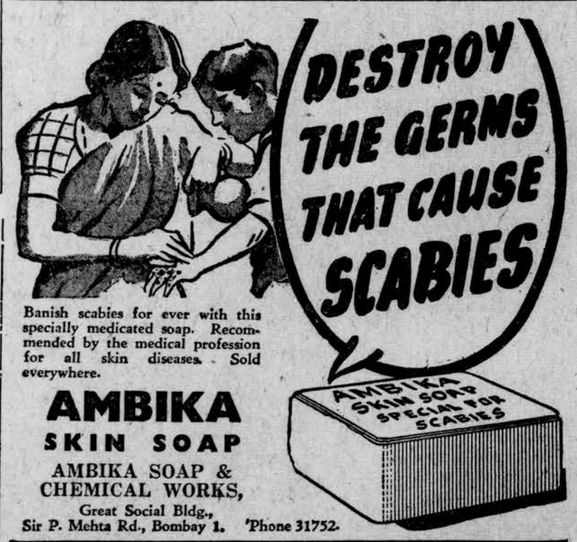

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 6, 2000.
Muslim: Rajjab 4, 1363
Parsi: Den 26, 1313
Sunrise: 7-5 a.m. Sunset: 8-17 p.m.
Nightide: 4-07, 16-44.
Lowtide: 9-40, 23-10.

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE EVENING:—Youths will speak on various interesting topics of General Knowledge at Mazdaznan Temple Hall, to-day (Monday), at 6-15 p.m.

MAJLIS-E-ITTEHAD-O-TARAQQI:—A public meeting to accord a send-off to Mr. M. R. A. Baig who is proceeding to Simla, as the Chief Organiser of the National War Front, to-day (Monday), at 6-30 p.m. at Anjuman Islam Hall, Bori Bunder, Sir Sultan Chinoy will preside.

HAJI MALANG BAWA ORPHANAGE: Arrangements to take care and educate Muslim children—boys and girls below 8 years—(who are rendered orphans by the fire of 14th April 1944) are made at Haji Mhalang Bawa Yatimkhana Haji Mhalang. Kalyan where boys and girls are now being taken care of already.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN:—Mahamahopadhyaya Anantakrishna Shastri of the Calcutta University will deliver a lecture in Sanskrit on 'Bhagavatgita and Pasupata Cult', at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, at 6-30 p.m., to-day (Monday). His Holiness Shri Krishnajivanji Maharaj will preside.

INDIAN MOTION PICTURE PRODUCERS' ASSOCIATION

The following have been elected the Office-bearers of the Indian Motion Picture Producers' Association for the official year 1944:—

Mr. Chandulal J. Shah, President; Mr. S. J. Bhatt, Vice-President; Mr. C J. Desai, Honorary Treasurer.

POSTAL NOTICE:—With effect from Saturday (1st July), Bombay G. P. O. (Fort delivery office) will issue four deliveries of unregistered articles on week days. Hours of delivery on Sundays and Postal Holidays will remain unchanged:—On week days: 1st delivery 8 a.m., 2nd 11-30 a.m., 3rd 1-30 p.m., 4th 4-30 p.m. On Sundays and P. O. Holidays:—12-30 p.m.

NATIONALIST CHRISTIAN PARTY.

The annual general meeting of the Nationalist Christian Party, Bombay, was held on Sunday.

The following office-bearers were elected for the next year:—President: Mr. John S. S. Malelu, Vice-Presidents:—Messrs. J. P. Lobo and F. D. Melton, Secretary: John Pinto, Asst. Secretaries: Messrs. J. M. Fonseca and V. F. Pereira, Treasurer: Mr. C. J. Alvaris.

MEETING OF MASTER PRINTERS.

In view of the imposition of the New Paper Control (Economy) Order and the serious effect it will have on all Printing and Lithography businesses, it is proposed to hold a meeting of all Master Printers and Lithographers at the B. E. S. T. Conference Room, Electric House, to-day (Monday), at 6 p.m., to discuss the Order and if necessary to appoint a Committee to act in the interests of all concerned

STAGGERING OF HOLIDAYS EXTENDED.

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—"The staggering of holidays in mills in Bombay City and the Suburban District has been greatly beneficial to the electric supply and has averted a strain upon that supply which might have been prejudicial to production The Government has, therefore, decided to continue the scheme and has accordingly made an order extending the scheme of staggering and fixing the holidays to be observed by mills during July to December 1944. Both workers and managements have realised the necessity for staggering of holidays and their co-operation has made staggering successful."

ALL-INDIA ANTI-PAKISTAN FRONT.

A meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Anti-Pakistan Front held on Sunday, at the Office of the Front, Dr. N. A. Deshmukh presiding. A resolution of condolence with regard to the demise of the late Lt. D. L. Patwardhan was passed. Later on the following new members were co-opted:—

(1) Mr B. J. Kanhere, (2) Advocate V M Bapat, (3) Mr. G. R. Ketkar, (4) Mr. R. M. Puranik (5) Mr. Ramdas Manaik (6) Mr. K. S. Bhave, (7) Mr. L. G. Thathe. Subsequently, Mr. L. G. Thathe, of Girgaum District Hindu Sabha, was elected as General Secretary of the All-India Anti-Pakistan Front

MALPRACTICES IN CLOTH MARKET.

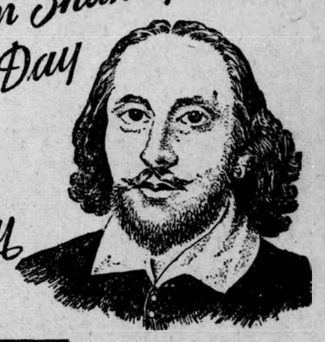
It has come to the notice of the Textile Commissioner that malpractices continue in the Bombay cloth market despite the recent measures taken by him and by the Government of Bombay. The only difference between the position some days ago and now is that the dealers have now resorted to new subterfuges in the hope that offences will not come to light. In view of the continuance of the black-market activities the Textile Commissioner desires to inform all those concerned that if the present position continues and the Bombay dealers do not co-operate fully and dispose of their goods at the prices laid down under the Control, he will be compelled to take all possible measures to divert the cloth from Bombay mills to up-country markets eliminating, if necessary intermediaries in Bombay. This action will necessarily be in addition to the measures that he or the Bombay Government may take against individual offenders.

It is unfortunate that such a warning has to be issued by the Textile Commissioner, but the activities of certain elements in the Trade make it a necessity. All Yarn and Piecegoods merchants and the various Merchants' Associations are requested to take note of this warning so that, if and when the Textile Commissioner is compelled to take action indicated—detrimental as it may be the interests even of those merchants who are not among the recalcitrant elements—they will understand that the responsibility lies with some, if not all, Members of the Distribution Trade in Bombay.

The Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce have addresssed a letter to the Department of Commerce Government of India, New Delhi, in respect of the location of the proposed National Physical Laboratory and requesting Government to establish it in Bombay.

Times have changed!
TIME-KEEPERS
in Shakespeare's Day

Shakespeare saw the early beginnings of the watch. There were no screws then and watch movements were put together with pins and rivets. Gear cutting was clumsily done by hand. Bristle was used for the balance spring.



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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs. 50,00,000.
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 31,56,219.
Reserve Fund	Rs. 31,56,219.
Working Funds exceed	Rs. 33 crores.
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ALL-INDIA WEATHER CHART

POONA, June 25:—Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 22nd June 1944:—

Allahabad 107 86 0, BOMBAY 90 81 0.19, Calcutta 91 81 0, Cawnpore 103 85 0, Cuttack 101 83 0, Darjeeling 68 56 0.85, Delhi 104 85 0, Dehra Dun 97 77 0, Jacobabad 114 87 0, Karachi 91 83 0, Lahore 112 81 0, Lucknow 101 83 0, Madras 98 81 0, Nagpur 102 76 0.55, Patna 105 78 0.11, Peshawar 108 79 0, Shillong 0 0 0, Simla 71 63 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"So keep your duty to Allah as best ye can, and listen, and SPEND; that is better for your souls. And whoso is saved from his own greed, such are the successful"

(Quran, LIV—16).

The Bombay Chronicle

IT MUST BE MENDED

The new Paper Control Order has spread deep resentment among printers, publishers, newspaper proprietors and a number of other interests affected by it. Not one of these has a good word to say about it, though many concede the need for some sensible and decently enforced economy in the use of paper. "Extraordinarily drastic", "thoroughly inconsiderate" are among the common terms used against the ukase. A responsible European printer suspects that the order has been drawn up "without a thought being given to the damaging effect it is bound to have on business and industry as a whole and the printing and publishing made in particular" and "without taking the opinion of one practical printer, publisher or businessman from the whole of India".

Criticisms like these are not groundless. The order is calculated to deal a crushing blow on the interests affected. As regards publishers, a leading representative of the line estimates that "about 80 per cent of both publishers and printers will have to close doors and when these publishers are extinct booksellers will follow suit". The President of the Bombay Booksellers' Association fears that "the order will reduce the Indian booksellers to helpless dependence on foreign imports". And—foreign imports are themselves precarious, the booksellers' business will be precarious, too. It should, indeed, be obvious to all right thinking persons that few printers and publishers can survive a sudden 70 per cent destruction of their business and the booksellers cannot escape the consequences of the ruin of those on whom they depend for the supply of books. As a result of the drastic reduction in the number of account books, circulars, etc., the Indian Merchants' Chamber fears that the order will "seriously dislocate the activities of business houses, industrial concerns and banking and insurance firms". Last, but not least, the periodicals using paper other than newsprint will be in a pitiable plight. A striking demonstration is provided by the "Indian Social Reformer", which came out on Saturday with but two pages all that is allowed by the order, except perhaps that once in a month or fortnight the paper may enjoy the luxury of two more pages. It is a cruel joke the Government has perpetrated and few periodicals can be sound business propositions under the conditions imposed upon them. It is difficult to imagine why the Government has come down so suddenly and fiercely on the printers, publishers and so many others. So far as we know it has not issued a "communique" explaining why such drastic reduction in the use of paper has become necessary so suddenly. It does not seem likely that large stocks of paper have been suddenly destroyed. On the contrary it is reported that large stocks of exportable paper are awaiting shipment, and shipping space, too, is available. The worst of it is that the order, though drastic and enforced at once, is hardly clear enough. Copies of the order are not available in the city at the Government Central Press, nor does one know for certain who in the city is to interpret and enforce the order. It is necessary for all the interests primarily concerned and the public in general who suffer ultimately, to protest against such high-handedness and arbitrariness. We would suggest a very early conference of all these interests. And they should go on agitating till the order is satisfactorily mended.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Russians Move

Russia has not been slow to greet the Second Front in the only manner that counts. Within a few days of her Allies launching their invasion of Normandy, the Red Army began its major and almost certainly final assault on the Finns. And now it has extended its operations by beginning a grand scale offensive in the Vitebsk area. This offensive has already made such striking progress that it has evoked from Marshal Stalin two Orders of the Day. It is a big break-through on a very wide front, and promises spectacular developments. For Vitebsk on which the German High Command has built great defensive hopes, is now doomed. And with Vitebsk gone the German-occupied Baltic States and Poland will also be gravely threatened. Should the Germans fail to hold the present Russian drive, their failure would spell a strategical catastrophe in the whole of the northern sector, the effects of which may be as far-reaching as Eastern Prussia. This is not the only headache for the Germans. We expect presently a flare up in the other sectors of the front, too, threatening Rumania and Hungary.

The Eastern Fleet

After remaining in obscurity for a long period, the British "Eastern Fleet" commanded by Admiral Somerville has again come into some prominence. The other day it carried out a successful air strike against Port Blair in the Andamans. This is welcome news, provided it means that the Eastern Fleet has at last begun its serious work. To be sure it needed time to "build up" the fleet. But now it ought to be sufficiently strong to start taking an effective and sustained part in operations against the Japanese. It has a "stamping ground" of its own, which, moreover, is safe enough, too. For, even though it must admittedly be much weaker than the famous American Task Force 58 and the Japanese Imperial Grand Fleet, the Japs would not dare to send the bulk of their Navy against it, firstly, because they would not split their forces now and, secondly because the Bay of Bengal and Indian waters are covered by Allied land-based air power, the power which the Japs have now good and bitter reasons to dread as a mortal terror. We hope the Eastern Fleet does not go back to Trincomalee to emerge again only after an interval of months and then, too, for a mere air strike.

The Pacific Battle

Americans declare themselves to be disappointed over the results of the battle in the waters between the Marianas and the Philippines. If they had expected that the Japanese fleet would actually be sent to the bottom they are right. But they were expecting too much. Even though the Jap fleet remains in being it has been dealt what for all practical purposes is a smashing defeat. The fact that it ran away after losing 350 aircraft, two to three carriers and some other ships, apart from those damaged, is an event of "far-reaching importance"—to quote the Jap spokesman's words. It was a confession on behalf of the Japanese Navy that while it saved itself from annihilation, it was at the same time eliminating itself from the Pacific as a fighting force. It has accepted the decisive superiority of the American Navy and American weapons and has retired from the field. The rest is up to General MacArthur, Admiral Nimitz and the American Task Force 58. If they follow up the victory as it should be followed up, the next few months should see the Central Pacific cleaned up and American forces threatening both Netherlands East Indies and the Philippines—and more.

Take Public Into Confidence

In the course of a communication on the subject of Aviation the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, urges the Government of India to give some particulars about the resolutions of the Empire Air Conference, their bearing on India, and the Government of India's decisions about aviation in the country. Though the Government is not responsible to the people it may yet announce its programmes in this vital matter before they are finally decided upon, so that they may be improved in the light of public opinion. It may be in the interest of Government itself to take the public into confidence as thereby it may receive more co-operation from the public than it otherwise would. That co-operation may strengthen the hands of the Government in any attempt at Empire conferences to safeguard the interests of India and prevent her from being in the future what she has been so far, the Cinderella of the Imperial family.

FUTURE OF ASIATIC PEOPLES

Wallace-Chiang Statement

CHUNGKING, June 24: A joint statement issued at the conclusion of the United States Vice-President Wallace's visit to General Chiang Kai-Shek stated: "Mr. Wallace and Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek discussed in an informal, frank and friendly atmosphere matters of common interest and concern. They have exchanged views to mutual advantage and found themselves in agreement on basic principles and objectives. The prosecution of the war against Japan is an urgent job and mutual assistance in every possible way to get that job done quickly and efficiently is a fundamental of the Chinese-American relations."

The statement reiterated Mr. Wallace's three essentials for Pacific Peace but it is significant that the third essential was slightly modified, reading "recognition of the fundamental right at present of dependent Asiatic peoples to self-Government and early adoption of measures in political, economic and social fields to prepare these dependent peoples for self-government within a specified practical time-limit. Cognizance was taken of the cornerstone position of China in Asia and the importance of China in any structure for peace area. Chinese-American friendship and Chinese-Soviet understanding were essential to such a peace structure. No balance of power would serve the ends of peace.

The statement continued, "Chinese people and Government are determined to implement democracy which is implicit in the plans formulated for the establishment of a constitutional guarantee of individual rights of freedom and to establish a representative government. Mr. Wallace and Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek discussed realistic solutions of Chinese agrarian problems.

Mr. Wallace brought a scroll from President Roosevelt to the people of China which stated, "In the name of the people of the United States of America I present this scroll to the City of Chungking as a symbol of our admiration for its brave men, women and children. Under the blasts of terror from the air even in days before the world at large had known this horror, Chungking and its people held out firm and unconquered. They proved gloriously that terrorism cannot destroy the spirit of a people who are determined to be free.—Reuter.

Indian Art Exhibition In London

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, May 26.

The Indian Art Exhibition which will be held in London from the 6th of June to the 7th of July has aroused great interest among different sections of the British public. The organisers of the exhibition are also receiving enquiries from American, Czechoslovak, Yugoslav, Belgian, French and other nationals of the United Nations at present living in England.

Mr. August Jonn, O.M. R.A., is the Patron of the Exhibition Council. Sir William Rothenstein is the President. The following are the Vice-Presidents:

Sir Kennen Clark, Director of the National Gallery, Dame Laura Knight, the distinguished painter, Sir Richard Winstedt, President of the Royal Asiatic Society, Miss Vera Brittain, the novelist, Mr. Amiya N Bose, Mr. W. G. Cove, M.P., Dr. J. C. Ghose, lecturer in English at Leeds University, Mr Laurence Housman, the distinguished poet, Sir Robert Mayer, Sir George Schuster M.P., Mr. Herbert Read Mr. P. B. Seal, and Lady J. J. Thompson.

Professor George Catlin is the General Secretary.

One of the moving spirits is the Assistant Secretary, Mr. Pavitra K. Muzumdar, who was called to the Bar a few months ago. Miss Sonri Saklatvala, daughter of the late Shapurji Saklatvala, is the Secretary of the Women's Committee.

The exhibits are being selected by well-known experts on Indian art in Britain. They are Mr. K. de B. Condrington, keeper of the India Section of the Victoria and Albert Museum, Mr. Basil Gray, of the British Museum, Mr. John Rothenstein, Director of the Tate Gallery, and Dr. John Buckthall, of the Warburg Institute.

Among the exhibits, the following should be specially noted:

(1) A collection of Gandhara sculptures of Major-General Haughton, which, I understand, have never been publicly exhibited before;

(2) Mr. G.P. Baker's famous collection of painted Indian Textiles of the 17th and 18th centuries;

(3) A bronze statue of Dancing Shiva and other bronzes of the 18th century;

(4) A number of Buddhist sculptures, and Mogul and Rajput paintings.

The organisers have arranged a series of lectures on Indian art and readings from Indian literature. The series will be open by Dr. E. H. Hunt who will give his impressions of India on the 9th of June. This will be a panoramic view of the entire Indian scene. Then, on Monday the 12th of June, Mr. K. de B. Codrington will give a talk, with lantern slides, on Islamic Art in India. This will portray, with illustrations, the greatest of architectural creation of the Mogul Period.

On Thursday, the 15th of June, Mr. Robert Speaight, the actor, will give readings from the Vedas. Miss Sehri Saklatvala will read the Poems of Kabir translated by Rabindranath Tagore.

On Friday, the 16th of June, Miss Dora Gordine, the sculptress, will speak on the beauty of Indian sculpture. Appropriately, her meeting will be presided over by Sir Richard Winstedt, K.B.E., President of the Royal Asiatic Society.

On Tuesday, the 20th of June Dame Sybil Thorndike, the great admirer of Rabindranath Tagore, has chosen his "The Mystical Poems", and Mr. V. C. Clinton Baddeley will read from Kalidas's "Shakuntala".

On Wednesday, the 21st of June Mr. Basil Gray will speak on Indian paintings.

Dr. J. C. Ghose and Mr. Sisir Kumar Mukherji have selected Rabindranath Tagore—the Poet and India in Russian Thought and Literature, as the subjects for their respective discourses.

The series will conclude with readings from Tagore's Lyrics of Love and Life by Miss Peggy Ashcroft, one of the leading actresses on the London stage.

The organisers have thus made an attempt through this exhibition to give to the Western public some idea of the various aspects of Indian culture, especially her art and literature. The idea of arranging such an exhibition was initiated by the Tagore Society in London. It was then considerable advisable to set up a special Council to ensure wide support in this country.

All the proceeds of the exhibition which will be held at the Alpine Club, Leicester Square, will be sent to the Mayor of Calcutta's Relief Fund through the Indian Famine Committee in London.

"Never Said Japan & Germany Would Win War"

Gandhiji Refutes Unjust Charge

The following is the continuation of the reply which Gandhiji gives to the Government of India publication "Congress Responsibility for Disturbances of 1942-43" in his letter dated 15th July, 1943, to Sir Richard Tottenham, Additional Secretary to the Government of India:—

"You don't expect any assistance from America in persuading Britain to relinquish her hold on India" asked Mr. Grover half incredulously.

"I do indeed," replied Gandhiji. "With any possibility of success—"

"There is every possibility I should think", said Gandhiji. I have every right to expect America to throw her full weight on the side of justice, if she is convinced of the justice of the Indan cause."

"You don t think the American Government is committed to the British remaining in India?"

Continuing his reply to the Government of India publication "Congress Responsibility for Disturbances of 1942-43", Gandhiji wrote in his letter dated 15th July 1943, to Sir Richard Tottenham, Additional Secretary, Home Department, Government of India:—

"I hope not. But British diplomacy is so clever that America, even though it may not be committed and in spite of the desire of President Roosevelt and the people to help India, it may not succed. British propaganda is so well organised in America against the ndian cause that the few friends India had there have no chance of being effectively heard. And the political system is so rigid that public opinion does not affect the administration."

"It may, slowly, said Mr. Grover apologetically.

"Slowly?" said Gandhiji, I have waited long, and I can wait no longer. It is a terrible tragedy that 40 crores of people should have no say in this. If we have the freedom to play our part we can arrest the march of Japan and save China."

Mr. Grover, having made himself sure that Gandhiji did not insist on the literal withdrawal of their the British or the troops, now placing himself in the position of the Allies began to calculate the gains of the bargain. Gandhiji, of course does not want independence as a reward of any services, but as a right and in discharge of a debt long overdue. "What specific things would be done by India to save China", asked Mr. Grover, "If India is declared independent?"

"Great things I can say at once though I may not be able to speech them today, said Gandhiji "For I do not know what government we shal have. We have various political organisations here which I expect would be able to work out a proper national solution. Just now they are not solid parties, they are often acted upon by the British power, they lok up to it and its frown or favour mans much to them. The whole atmosphere is corrupt and rotten. Who can foresee the possibilities of a corpse coming to life? At present India is a dead weight to the Allies."

"By dead weight you mean a menace to Britain and to American interests here?"

"I do. It is a menace in that you never know what sullen India will do at a given moment."

"No, but I want to make myself sure that if genuine pleasure was brought to bear on British by America, there would be solid support from yourself?

"Myself? I do not count—with the weight of 73 years on my shoulders. But you get the co-operation—whatever it can give willingly—of a free and mighty nation. My co-operation is of course there. I exercise what influence I can by my writings from week to week. But India's is an infinitely great influence. Today because of widespread discontent there is not that active hostility to apanese advance. The moment we are free, we are transformed into a nation prizing its liberty and defending it with all its might and, therefore, helping the Allied cause."

"May I concretely ask—will the difference that there is between what Burma did and what, say Russia is doing?" said Mr. Grover.

"You might put it that waq. It might have given Burma independence after separating it from India. But they did nothing of the kind. They stuck to the same old policy of exploiting her. There was little co-operation from Burmans, on the contrary there was hostility or inertia. They fought enither for their own cause. Now take a possible contingency. If the Japanese compel the Allies to retire from India—to a safer base, I cannot say today that the whole of India will be no up in arms aainst the Japanese. I have a fear that they may degrade themselves as some Burmans did. I want India to oppose Japan to a man. If India was free she would do it, would be a new experience to her, in twenty-four hours her mind would be changed. All parties would then act as one man. If this live independence is declared today I have no doubt India becomes a powerful Ally"

Mr. Grover raised the question of communal disunion as a handicap, and himself added that before the American Independence there was not much unity in the States. "I can only say that as soon as the vicious influence of the third party is withdrawn, the parties will be face to face with realty and close up ranks," said Gandhiji. "Ten to one my conviction is that the communal quarrels will disappear as soon as the British power that keeps us apart disappears."

"Would not Dominion Status declared today do equally well?" was Mr. Grover's final question.

"No good," said Gandhiji instantaneously. "We will have no half measures, no tinkering with independence. It is not independence that they will give to this party or that party, but to an indefinable India. It was wrong. I say to posses India The wrong should be righted by leaving India to herself."

('Harijan', June 21, 1942, pp. 193 et seq.)

ALLAHABAD DRAFT RESOLUTION

17. The rest of the chapter is taken up with a colourful description of the draft resolution I sent to Allahabad and a quotation containing remarks attributed to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, and Shri Rajagopalachari on that resolution.

Immediately after the publication of the extracts from the notes seized by the Government, Panditji issued a statement. I cannot understand why the author has disregarded that important statement, unless for the reason that he disbelieved Panditji's explanation.

As for Shri Rajagopalachari's statement, the author stands on less insecure ground. Rajaji certainly holds the view attributed to him. In the interview with Mr. Grover, the American correspondent, this is what I said about Rajaji's difference with me:

"May I finally ask you about your attitude to Rajaji's move? "I have declared that I will not discuss Rajaji in public. It is ugly to be talking at valued colleagues. My differences with him stand but there are some things which are too sacred to be discussed in public.

But Mr. Grover had not so much in mind the Pakistan controversy as C.R.'s crusade for the formation of a National Government. Mr. Grover had the disernment to make it clear that C.R. "could not be motivated by British Government. His position happens to harmonise with them."

"You are right," said Gandhiji. "It is fear of the Japanese that makes him tolerate the British rule. He would postpone the question of freedom until after the war. On the contrary I say that if the war is to be decisively won. India must be freed to play her part today. I find no flaw in my position. I have arrived at it after considerable debating within myself: I am doing nothing in hurry or anger. There is not the slightest room in me for accommodating the Japanese. No. I am sure that India's independence is not only essential for India, but for China and the Allied cause." (Harijan, June 21, 1942, p. 195)

18. The first chapter concludes with the following commentary on the draft which had been sent by me to the Working Committee at Allahabad.

"A draft, to repeat, of which the whole thought and background is one of favouring Japan, a resolution which amounts to running into the arms of Japan.

And this is written in spite of Pandit Jawaharlal's repudiation of the statement attributed to him and in spite of my explanation about differences with Rajaji—all of which was before the writer.

NEVER SAID AXIS WILL WIN

19. In support of my contention that the author had no warrant for the opinions expressed in the sentences quoted, I would like to draw attention to the following extracts from my statement reported in the Press on 1st August last:

"As the language of the draft (the one that was sent to Allahabad) shows, it had many I's to be dotted and T's to be crossed, it was sent through Miraben to whom I had explained the implications of the draft and I said to her or to the friends of the Working Committee who happened to be in Sevagram, whom I had explained the draft, that there was an omission,—deliberate—from my draft as to the foreign policy of the Congress and therefore, any reference to China and Russia.

For, as I had said to them. I derived my inspiration and knowledge from Panditji about foreign matters of which he had been a deep student. Therefore, I said that he could fill in that part in the resolution.

But I may add that I have never even in a most unguarded moment expressed the opinion that Japan and Germany would win the war. Not only that I have often expressed the opinion that they cannot win the war, if only Great Britain will once for all shed her Imperialism. I have given expression to that opinion more than once in the columns of "Harijan" and I repeat here that in spite of all my wish to the contrary and of others, if disaster overtakes Great Britain and the Allied Powers it will be because even at the critical moment—most critical in her history—she has most obstinately refused to wash herself of the taint of Imperialism which she has carried with her for at least a century and a half.

How in the face of this categorical statement the author could say that the actuating motive behind the "Quit India" move was that I was "convinced that Axis would win the war" passes understanding.

20 In support of the same charge the author says:

"That this attitude persisted long after the Allahabad meeting of the Working Committee is shown by the following remark made by Mr. Gandhi in "Harijan" of July 19th in reply to a question whether it would not be wiser to postpone his movement until Britain had settled with the Germans and the Japanese:

"No, because I know you will not settle with Germans without us."

I quote below from the article in which this opinion is expressed. It is from the Harijan of July 19, 1942, pp. 234 and 235, and is entitled "A Two Minutes' Interview', the interviewer being a correspondent of the "Daily Express", London.

"But the Correspondent of the "Daily Express" (London) who was among the first to arrive and who was not staying until the end said he would be content with just a couple of minutes' interview, and Gandhiji acceded to his request. He had made up his mind that if the demand for withdrawal which seemed to gather strength every day was rejected, there would be some kind of a movement. So he asked:

"Would you say that your movement will make it more difficult or less difficult for us to keep the Japanese out of India?"

"Our movement" said Gandhiji, "will make it more difficult for the Japanese to come in. But, of course, if there is no co-operation from Britain and the Allies, I cannot say."

"But", said Mr. Young, "think of the war as a whole. Do you think that your new movement will help the Allied nations towards victory, which you have said you also desire?"

"Yes, if my submission is accepted."

"What do you mean by your submission?—That Britain should offer non-violent battle?"

"No, no. My submission that British rule in India should end. If that is accepted, victory for the Allied powers is assured. Then India will become an independent power, and thus a real ally, while now she is only a slave. The result of my movement, if it is sympathetically responded to, is bound to be a speedy victory. But if it is misunderstood by the British and they take up the attitude that they would like to crush it, then they would be responsible for the result, not I."

This was far from convincing Mr. Young. He would not think of any movement with equanimity. So he made an appeal to Gandhiji's sentiment—a sentiment he had more than once expressed:

"Mr. Gandhi, you have been in London yourself. Have you no comment to make on the heavy bombings which the British people have sustained?"

"Oh, yes. I know every nook and corner of London where I lived for three years so many years ago, and somewhat or Oxford and Cambridge and Manchester too; but it is London I specially feel for, I used to read in the Inner Temple Library, and would often attend Dr. Parker's sermons in the Temple Church. My heart goes out to the people, and when I heard that the Temple Church was bombed I bled. And the bombing of the Westminster Abbey and other ancient edifices affected me deeply."

"Then don't you think", said Mr. Young, it would be wiser to postpone your movement until we have settled with the Germans and the Japanese?"

"No, because I know you will not settle with the Germans without us. If we were free, we could give you cent per cent co-operation in our own manner. It is curious that such a simple thing is not understood, British have to-day no contribution from a free India. To-morrow as soon as India is free, she gains moral strength and a powerful ally in a free nation—powerful morally. This raises England's power to the n'th degree. This is surely self-proved."

It is curious that sentences taken out of a piece breathing concern for the success of the Allied arms are here presented as in indication of my 'pro-Axis' mentality!

(To Be Continued)

CHINESE TROOPS ENTER MOGAUNG

Chindits Break Through Outer Defences; Heavy Fighting In Progress

KANDY, June 25.

Chinese troops and units of General Lentaigne's force have entered Mogaung, where heavy fighting is taking place, says to-day's S.E.A.C. communique. The Chindits broke through the town's outer defences on the east. Elements of Gurkha and British county regiments captured the important stretch of railway between the station and the railway bridge over the river. Some Chinese troops are in the southern part of the town and others on the north edge along the railway. Large quantities of material have been seized.

Chinese troops advancing south from Kamaing have made some further progress.

IN MYITKYINA

In the Myitkyina area American troops are advancing southwards along the Maingna ferry road in the face of Japanese machine-gun and mortar fire. Other Americans, astride the Radhapur Road have advanced to a point one mile south of the junction of the Sumprabum and Mogaung Roads.

Thrusting into the hills 20 to 30 miles north of Imphal and east of the Konima Road, our troops have maintained their pursuit of the Japanese. A number of enemy parties have been engaged and casualties inflicted by our infantry and artillery.

ATTACK ON ROAD BLOCK

In the Bishenpur area we are attacking an enemy road block on the Suchar track. Enemy tanks which were located by our patrols were then successfully attacked by Hurricanes which scored numerous direct hits.

R.A.F. units are giving valuable support in all these operations.

In the Arakan our patrols were active.

AIR ACTIVITIES

On the 24th June, R.A.F. heavy bombers of the Strategic Air Force, Eastern Air Command, successfully attacked targets on the Tiddim Road.

R.A.F. fighters and fighter-bombers of the Third Tactical Air Force on the 23rd and 24th June bombed and strafed enemy positions, concentrations, and transport in the Ukhrul and Palel areas. On the 23rd June U.S.A.A.F. units attacked military objectives at Mogaung; the target area was well covered with bombs.

From all these operations none of our aircraft is missing.

YAP BOMBED

Advance Allied Headquarters in New Guinea announce: Allied heavy bombers have destroyed or severely damaged 22 Japanese planes on the ground during an attack on Yap in the south-west Marianas, according to to-day's 'communique' from General MacArthur. Medium-bombers set fire to a 1,500-ton freighter and two coastal vessels off the Watoebela Islands in the Banda Sea.—Reuter.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

There seems to be no point in my continuing to make an assertion, and someone else continuing to deny it. Since, however, the Nawabzada Sahib was luckily within hearing of what Mr. Jinnah was saying on the telephone I shall be grateful—and I am sure the public at large will be greatly interested—if he can give us a correct and complete version of all that Mr. Jinnah said.

—Malik Khizr Hayat Tiwana.

* * *

The A.P.I. learns at New Delhi that Government do not propose to revise, relax, or postpone enforcement of the Paper Control (Economy) Order.

And, in our considered opinion, quite rightly, too. For, otherwise they might be depriving the Cause of the United Nations, Democracy, Freedom and what not of the full benefits of the literary and even evangelist talents of Sir Sultan Ahmed, Sir Richard Tottenham, their colleagues and subordinates all over India.

* * *

In a recent speech, Mr. Oliver Lyttleton is reported to have stated that "Britain at the end of the war would be the largest debtor nation in the world."

That's all right. Britain will have the opportunity of rendering immense economic service to the creditor nations by treating all the debts she owes as—er—"sterling balances"

In fact, in order to do more good to the world Britain should quickly contract more debts before the war ends.

* * *

Mr. Lyttleton also suggested that increased exports, for the purpose of rehabilitating British economy, must (sic) after the war, take place in the field of the Colonial Empire India, China, etc.

We did expect some such plan. And we bet Mr. Lyttleton is not going to be forced by Downing Street to apologise for such a revelation

Incidentally, China, already wondering over many things British, must be overwhelmed now by this design to honour her with increased exports—after the war.

* * *

Another important Lyttletonian revelation was that Britain would require to maintain substantial armed forces and supply them with modern weapons.

Unfortunely Mr. Lyttleton didn't say where they will be maintained and this is the information we are keenly interested to have.

* * *

According to Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Textile Commissioner, control in some form or other over the manufacture and distribution of cloth will be necessary for a fairly long period after the war.

Why only for a fairly long period after the war?

* * *

In Cherbourg conditions, says a correspondent, exist for a miniature Stalingrad.

But are the Germans miniature Russians?

* * *

Monsoon Classes For Adults
—Headline

Yes, but where is it?

INDIA'S OLDER TRADITION OF FIGHTING FASCISM

LONDON, June 24: Addressing a meeting of the Indian Students Conference, Mr. S. A. Dange, President of the All-India Trades Union Congress said: "In spite of mistrust, the coal crisis and the rise in the cost of living, our people have themselves organised a movement of Food Committees, who in co-operation with the authorities are beating down the black market by vigorous exposure. Speedy victory in the anti-Fascist war with the least sacrifice of human life in India can be achieved by a National Government composed of all prominent parties. I must say that the main obstacle to this solution is not in India itself but the fact that British Democracy is not yet awake to the reality of the situation. It is awakening."

Mr. Dange said the people of India had a positive attitude expressed in tradition dating back to the days when it protested on the side of those who fought Fascism in China, Abyssinia and Spain.—Reuter.

He Applied Science For Alleviation Of Human Misery

A resolution expressing the profound sorrow at the sad demise of Acharya Sir. P. C Ray, was recorded all standing at a largely attended meeting held at the A. C Chatterji Memorial Hall, Dadar, Bombay, on Sunday evening.

The condolence meeting was organised under the joint auspices of the Bengal Club the Bengali Education Society and the Bengali Mahila Samiti. Prof. R. T Karr. presided in the absence of Mr. Justice Sen.

Eloquent tributes were paid by the president to the selfless services rendered by the deceased to country and to the world through his scientific knowledge and discoveries. It could be said of him that he applied the science for the alleviation of the sufferings of mankind. Several other speakers followed in the same vein

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Paid-up Capital	50,00,000
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Tiwana-Jinnah Controversy

Premier Of Punjab Urges Reference Of Dispute To Arbitration Of Muslim Judge

LAHORE, June 24.

An offer to refer the dispute between him and Mr. Jinnah on the existence of the Sikhandar-Jinnah Pact to the judgment and arbitration of a Muslim Judge of the Federal Court or a mutually agreed Muslim Judge of one of the High Courts, is made by Malik Khizr Hyat Khan Tiwana, Premier of the Punjab, in a statement to the Press. He says:

"In his contribution to the Muslim League propaganda against me published on June 8, Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, Gen. Secretary of the All-India Muslim League has said that he was within hearing of what Mr. Jinnah was saying to me on the telephone on the evening of April 27, and that my statement that Mr. Jinnah threatened to expel me from the Muslim League was a "travesty of truth."

There seems to be no point in my continuing to make an assertion, and someone else continuing to deny it. Since, however, the Nawabzada Sahib was luckily within hearing of what Mr. Jinnah was saying on the telephone I shall be grateful—and I am sure the public at large will be greatly interested—if he can give us a correct and complete version of all that Mr. Jinnah said.

WHAT HE DID IN 18 MONTHS

The Nawabzada Sahib does not seem to regard my declaration of whole-hearted support for the Pakistan Resolution as genuine, and asks me what I have done during the last four years for the realization of the ideal embodied in that resolution. I should only like to answer for the period of about a year and a half during which I have shouldered the responsibility of being the leader of the Muslim League Party in the Punjab Assembly. During this period I have made exactly the same kind of contribution as other supporters of this ideal have made. The Nawabzada Sahib himself and others have been moving from the Muslim League platform resolutions voicing the demand of Muslims for Pakistan as embodied in the Lahore Resolution and have been publicly and unreservedly supporting these resolutions. In the Punjab Assembly I reorganised the Muslim League Party which until then was practically non-existent as a regular and formal party. It was under my leadership that the Party framed its rules and regulations and began to hold regular meetings.

The Nawabzada Sahib and some of his colleagues have further suggested that I was not satisfied with the justice or correctness of the Muslim League Committee of Action's decision expelling me from the Muslim League, I should appeal to the Council of the All-India Muslim League, the President of the All-India Muslim League having publicly repudiated the existence of the Jinnah-Sikander Pact which was the basis of my membership of the Muslim League, the question of my appealing to the League Council does not arise. I have, however, always been prepared, and am still prepared, to refer the dispute between Mr. Jinnah and myself as to the existence of a Pact between the two Muslims to the judgment and arbitration of a Muslim Judge of the Federal Court which is the highest Judicial Tribunal in the country or a mutually agreed Muslim Judge of one of the High Courts.

I have already published sufficient evidence in proof of the existence of a pact or agreement between Mr. Jinnah and Sir Sikandar. I could produce still more evidence and I have in my possession a document in which Mr. Jinnah addressing Sir Sikandar himself refers to the Pact as "the Sikander-Jinnah Agreement." The Muslim League High Command is reluctant to admit it as a pact and is trying to escape from it, by calling it a mere statement and by interpreting it as such in various ways, because they do not want to be held guilty of a universal breach of a solemn pledge; but the public knows that this Pact was acted on for nearly seven years without any objection by the Muslim League. And in these circumstances it is obvious that further controversy on this issue will serve no useful purpose.—A.P.

HOW TO IMPROVE CRICKET IN INDIA

Subbaroyan Urges Introduction Of Professionalism & Abolition Of Communal Cricket

MADRAS, June 24.—Measures for improving the standard of cricket and brightening up the game are set out in a memorandum prepared by Dr. P. Subbaroyan, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India for its consideration at its forthcoming general meeting

Dr. Subbaroyan pleads for the introduction of intensive professionalism in India and suggests that after the war various associations should try and get English or Australian professionals to get the younger ulayers going on the right lines and learn the game systematically and scientifically. He maintains that there is not a single batsman in India to-day who would be considered "first class" by the selectors of the M.C.C. on wet wickets or against slow bowling of the class of O'Reilly, Grimmett and Freeman or against high-class fast bowling.

Dr. Subbaroyan pleads for the abolition of the Pentangular tournaments and expresses his strong opposition to communal cricket. He wants the Cricket Club of India to take place in India similar to the one the M.C.C. occupies in England and the Brabourne Stadium like Lord's should "smell" cricket.

To improve the quality of Indian cricketers, Dr. Subbaroyan suggests that by the adoption of the coaching system India would probably have 50 really good cricketers in ten years time.

For brightening up the game, Dr. Subbaroyan commends Prince Duleepsinghji's observation that there should be no concentration on the first innings lead only in the Ranji Trophy instead of trying for an outright win. This naturally leads to slow, colourless batting which in the long run produces strokeless players. He suggests the Board making a rule by which two innings must be completed in matches and adopting "point system" as in Australia.—A.P.

50,000 D. D. STAKES

NEW YORK, June 24.

By Jimmie won the 50,000 dollars Dwyer Stakes at Aqueduct. New York. Stirrup was second, Lucky Draw third.

NEW YORK COTTON.

London, June 24.

July 21.72, October 21.05, December 20.85, Middling Spot 22.44

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

London, June 24.

July 21.94, October 21.10, December 20.87, Middling Spot 21.50

LONDON EXCHANGES

London June 24.

T. T. London On:—New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.47, Zurich sellers 17.3, buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.83, buyers 16.95.

Elections To Indian Accountancy Board

NEW DELHI, June 23.

A press communique says:

The results of the election held on June 14, 1944, under the Auditor's Certificates rules, 1932, of members to the Indian Accountancy Board, which is benig reconstituted, are declared to be as follows:

(The province of Madras and the Indian States of Hyderabad, Mysore, Travancore and Cochin):

Mr. P. S. Subramania Iyer, Mr. C. Gill, Mr. M. S. Krishnaswami.

(The Province of Bombay and the Western India States:)

Mr. N. V. Desai, Mr. N M. Raiji, Mr. B. D. Birdy.

(Bengal and Assam:)

Mr. S. N. Bandyopadhyay, Mr. J. C. Das, Mr. S C. Dutt.

(The U. P. Bihar, the C. P. and Berar, and Orissa:)

Mr. S. B. L. Vaish.

(Sind, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara and the Rajputana States:)

Mr. P. R. Mehra.

The result of the election from the Punjab and the Northwest Frontier Province will be declared later.—A. P.

The Half-Column "By Dim"

Many of us have a sneaking regard for the R. I. N. It is a service in which we like to see some of the best Indians, for in the years to come it will play a great part in the defence of our shores. In the circumstances intelligent Indians were horrified at the unsubtle advertisement which has been appearing in the local papers last week: It reads: "Are you refused admission in a college? Don't despair. Join the R. I. N."

It is not surprising to see propaganda so mishandled in our country as always to produce the wrong effect. Only a brass-hat (or is it a white-cap?) of the Blimp class could have produced something so unintelligent. In effect it says to the young man: "Well if you can't get into a college and are no good for further education, you might as well join the R. I. N." What sort of Indian do you think will come to the Recruiting Office after reading that? And what will the boys already in the R. I. N. feel? Is that all the authorities have to say about this great service? Is that the only inducement they can offer? Knowing as we do the psychology of the young Indian's mind we have no hesitation in saying that this advertisement will do the greatest harm to the service if it is allowed to reappear. We also feel that Admiral Godfrey's personal attention should be drawn to this because it is a mistake like this which undoes all the propaganda that has been done in the past to see that the RIGHT TYPE OF INDIAN is attracted to this service. We, who like the R. I. N., feel that its propaganda is being badly mishandled if advertisements like this one are examples of propaganda.

BRITAIN GETTING READY RATIONING IN 1945

LONDON: The Ministry of Food has already prepared for rationing in 1945. Next year's ration books are already printed and kept ready.—India Press Service.

PURI June 23: About 40,000 pilgrims attended the Rath Jatra festival this year. Yesterday the three cars reached Gundancharbari.—A. P.

CHURCHILL CANNOT LEAD IN PEACE

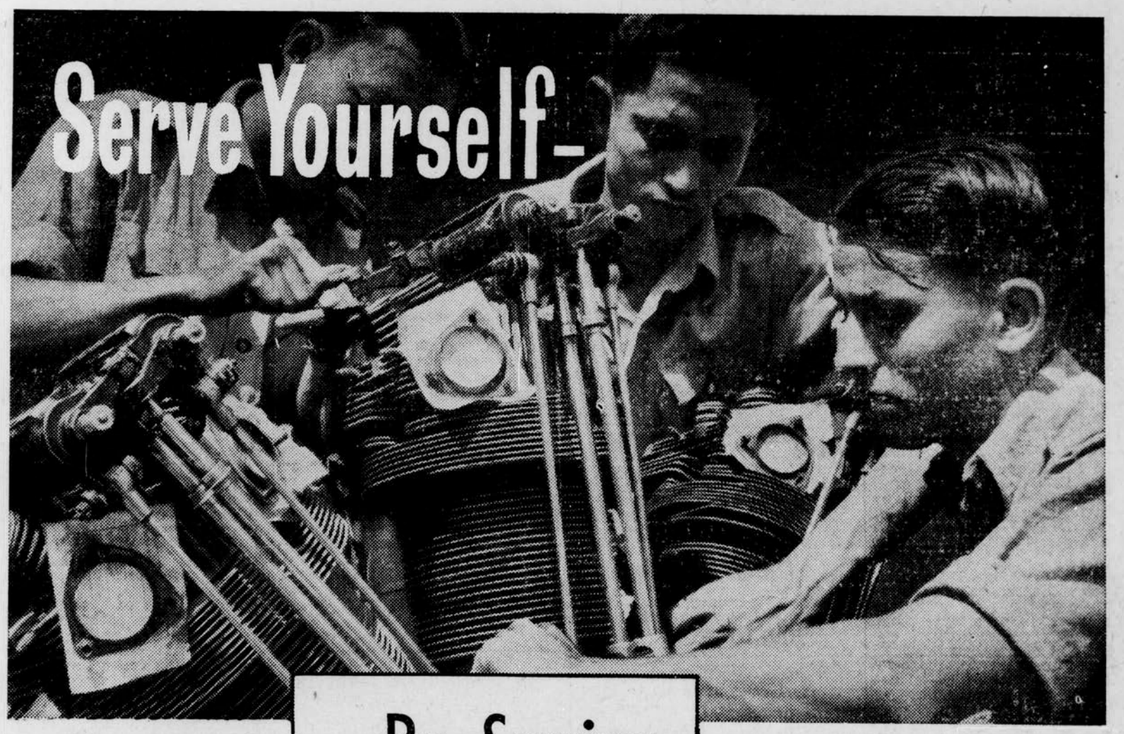
Laski's Warning Against Capitalist Danger

LONDON (By Mail): "Mr. Churchill has led us greatly in war. But there is no evidence, despite that fact, that he understands the world into which we are moving". Thus declared Prof. Laski speaking on "Are We Building for Peace", at the National Peace Council meeting at Kingsway Hall, London, the other day. He went on to give this warning:—"President Roosevelt has given us the Charter of the Four Freedoms, but it looks as though he has entrusted the future to the main enemies of Common Man."

"There is real danger, the Soviet Union apart, the monopoly capitalists of the world will be the real beneficiaries of victory. A socialist revolution is far preferable to a return to the world of 1939. That world holds no promise of a new dawn."—India Press Service.

ROYAL COMMISSION TO STUDY BIRTH RATES

LONDON: The birthrate and trends in population are to be studied by a Royal Commission with Lord Chancellor as the Chairman. The Commission will recommend measures to be taken in national interest to influence future trends of population. Medical, economic factors as also the social, moral and religious bearings of the problem will be examined by the Commission.—India Press Service.



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The Indian Air Force needs your services and, in return, will teach you a trade which will safeguard your future. You are asked to perform no miracles; the work expected of you can be undertaken by any normal, physically fit young man. The qualifications necessary are simple; your education should be up to Matriculation or S. S. L. C. standard, you should know English and your age must be between 18 and 38.

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Panch Kuva, AHMEDABAD.
Bungalow No. 39, Old Telegraph Office, Durgarh Road, BELGAUM.
Military Barracks, KHANDWA.

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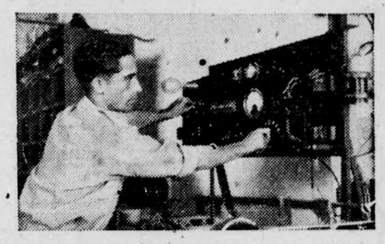
Your pay varies from Rs. 40/- to Rs 60/- p.m. to start according to your qualifications and promotion is quick and based entirely on merit. You can, in certain cases, earn up to Rs. 255/- per month, plus allowances



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Pay in the Indian Air Force is money you can save up for a rainy day. for the following are supplied free A complete outfit, including your uniform and bedding; food to which you are accustomed (or better!) and healthy quarters. In addition, you have the use of well-equipped reading, writing and games rooms.

INDIAN AIR FORCE PERI ARDUA AD ASTRA

JOIN THE INDIAN AIR FORCE

REMEMBER—Good I. A. F. Airmen are always eligible for promotion to Commissioned Ranks.

MUTT & JEFF—That's One W ay to Find Out If Paint Is Dry or Not

By BUD FISHER

THE

INDIAN OVERSEAS BANK, LTD.

Paid-up Capital & Reserves Rs. 29,40,000

Head Office: MADRAS.

Branches at

Alleppey, Bombay, Bangalore, Calicut, Cannanore, Coimbatore, Devakottah, Karaikudi, Madura, Negapatam, Pudukottah, Salem, Sivaganga & Kivalur.

London & New York Agents:

THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED.

Bombay Office:
Patel House, Churchgate Street, Fort.
'Phone: 33663.

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an Expert Cutter for Tailoring Department. Apply personally to the Manager, Bombay Swadeshi Co-operative Stores Co., Ltd., Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. (5320)

Trained, untrained competent English teachers required, part, whole time 'Gangaram Sharma', Khar. (5323)

Wanted a Graduate, having a broad acquaintance with Indian Economic Problems, knowing office routine and having ability at drafting for an organisation of standing in Bombay, on a remuneration between Rs. 150-200 p.m. including D.A. Apply Box No. 5328, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately an honours. B.A., B.T. (Marathi and Sanskrit). Pay Rs. 70/- in the scale of Rs. 70-5-120, Dearness Allowance Rs. 10. See with application. Principal, Anandilal Podar High School, Santa Cruz. (9344)

Wanted Graduate Teachers (preferably B.T. and knowing French) and a Physical Instructor. See Principal, Esplanade High School, Fort, Bombay. (5321)

Architectural Draughtsmen required for leading firm of Calcutta architects. Apply to Messrs. Pastakia & Billimoria, Lakshmi Building Sir P. Mehta Road, Bombay before 30th June. (5312)

Wanted R.M.O. for Bhatia General Hospital. An experienced man with high qualifications will be preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials to Hon. Secretary, Bhatia General Hospital, Tardeo, Bombay. (5294)

Wanted an experienced Chemical Engineer with practical knowledge of putting up plans for manufacturing chemicals on a large scale. Apply stating qualification, experience and age to Box No. 9350, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted an experienced short-hand typist for a Solicitor's firm to join immediately. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 5317, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Technical Lamp Expert to take charge of an Electric Incandescent lamp manufacturing concern in Behar. Must be capable to control production and labour. Apply with testimonials stating salary required Apply Box No. 5316, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately a Starch expert, who can erect a Starch Factory for crushing Tamarind seeds (or Maize) on a large scale. The applicant will be given a very handsome salary. A starch Engineer will be preferred. Correspond with Box No. 5324, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a fully qualified Accountant for the Head Office to take charge of the Accounts Departments. Persons with previous experience of Life Insurance Companies preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials giving academic and other qualifications and previous experience. State minimum salary required. General Manager, the Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., Post Box No. 30, Lahore. (5314)

Wanted: (1.) A part-time Lecturer in English with English Principal and French Subsidiary; (2.) Two Lecturers in History and Economics (able to teach Geography); (3.) A part-time Lecturer in Gujarati; (4.) A part-time Lecturer in Marathi; (5.) A part-time Lecturer in German; (6.) Two Lecturers in Mathematics; (7.) A Lecturer in Persian and Urdu. Minimum qualification is a 1st Class B.A., or 2nd Class M.A., (8.) One Library Assistant knowing typing. Pay according to qualifications. Apply immediately. Principal, Khalsa College, Bombay. (5293)

Wanted experienced Graduate Tutor or Tutoress coach at Khar Girl studying sixth. Strong English, Sanskrit Mathematics. Apply Box No. 5299, "Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE TO LET

To Let in Fort area, Modern Office with telephone and full equipment. Apply Box No. 5301, "Bombay Chronicle."

PARTNERS WANTED

Wanted partner commanding big bank credit. Can double his capital. Faithfully advance Rs. 5,000 for preliminaries Karnataka Commercial developments & General Credit Corporation, Hubli. (5308)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Matriculates Non-Matriculates Join Berar Dental College, Malkapur, (Buldana) Berar. Begins 4th July. For Prospectus Apply Principal. (5275)

Preparing Hindi Bhushan Prabhar Examinations also arranging part, whole time tuition for girls. Gangaram Sharma, Khar. (5322)

MEDICAL ADLETS

For Chronic diseases, consult 'Ramkrishna Clinic', Vijayanagar, opposite Dadar, B. B. Station. (5117)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to book orders (Wholesale or Retail) for teas of all grades available with our firm. Very good remuneration. For terms, apply to Post Box No. 166, Coimbatore (5327)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For sale, opportunity to Printers, Double Crown Cylinder Printing, Sterio & Type Casting Plant. All purchased only few years back, Excellent condition, what offers. Apply Box No. 5309, "Bombay Chronicle".

FLOWERS AND SEEDS

Seeds—Highest Quality Vegetable and Flower Seeds known since 1885. Write for Illustrated Catalogue. Namdeo Umaji & Co., Opp. Byculla Station, Bombay 27. (5148)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED BOMBAY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD., will be CLOSED from Friday, the 7th July to Wednesday, the 26th July, 1944, both days inclusive

A. C. CLARKE,
Manager.

26th June, 1944. (9356)

WANTED

A MARINE DRAUGHTSMAN, for a temporary post for the duration of the war, for duty at Cochin on a time scale of pay of Rs. 150-5-170. Pay fixed according to qualifications.

2. The following qualifications are essential:—
(a) A Diploma from recognised Engineering College.
(b) A four years apprenticeship with a reputable Engineering firm.
(c) A minimum of 8 years' experience as a Marine draughtsman dealing with both the mechanical and constructional sides of ships work.
(d) A certificate of release from the candidates present employment.

Applications enclosing copies of references should be addressed to the Assistant Director of Shipbuilding, COCHIN (9352)

ARE YOU REFUSED ADMISSION IN A COLLEGE?

Don't Despair

Join the R. I. N.

If you have studied up to Inter Science or Inter Arts with Physics and Mathematics you are eligible for enrolment in the R.I.N.

While under training at R.I.N training centre at Pilani, in Jaipur State, you will get Rs. 70 a month all found. After passing the test you will be drafted to the R.I.N. on Rs. 100 to Rs. 180 a month all found, with the prospect of being a Petty Officer and ultimately rising to Warrant Officer's rank on Rs. 300 to Rs. 400 a month.

Indian Universities have granted concession, to those who join the Defence Services to appear for Examinations without keeping terms in Colleges.

Healthy and Active Life, an additional attraction.

Apply sharp or see in person the Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, or the Deputy Educational Inspectors of your districts or the nearest Technical Recruiting Officer. (9270)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
BENGAL PILOT SERVICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of Leadsmen Apprentices in the Bengal Pilot Service. Some of the posts are reserved for members of the minority community. If suitable candidates from those communities are not available the posts will be treated as unreserved.

AGE:—Below 23 years on the 1st July, 1944.

PAY:—At beginning of service. Rs. 250 per mensem.

QUALIFICATIONS: Certificate of Competency as Second Mate (Foreign-going ship) essential. Preference will be given to candidates who have passed through the Training Ship "Dufferin." Last date for personal interview of candidates for selection at the office of the Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Bombay or Calcutta is 31st July, 1944. Full particulars available from those offices and also from the Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department, Madras and Karachi. (9257)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Government Leasehold large plot of land on public road near Sion Station available For Sale. Ideally situated for industrial works also for development into building sites. Apply Box No. 9332, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For your Railway Claims consult Ram Agency, Kartiki Buildings, Kazisayad Street, Mandvi 5305

Make more money with our "ten guaranteed Successful Secrets" send 8 as. Coloured Art Picture Free. Winnie Stores 12A, Jesson Street, Madras. (5307)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Bamboo mattings and Palmyrah mattings available in large quantities. Useful for Mills Steamers, Packing and various other purposes. Apply Dolikuka, Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (9245)

Recently arrived all English Woollen over Coating in two designs in three dark shades at the Government controlled rates. For sample and price enquire M. Gopaldas Chandrachowk, 6th Lane, Mulji Jetha Market, Bombay. (5318)

Rosetta Hair Pins now available. Write M. L. Industries, Bunder Road, Karachi. (9351)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

GENTLEMEN of the Common Jury, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court, on the 1st Floor, on Monday the 26th June, 1944, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 24th June, 1944. (9337)

NOTICE

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., LTD., (Estd. 1906) invites applications from Graduates (age not more than 25) who are keen on adopting Insurance as a career. Selected candidates will be first given training in the office and later on appointed as salaried Inspectors in Bombay or outside. Salary Rs. 70- P.M. (including War Allowance) during training period. Applications will be considered only from those who have excellent connections and are willing to work very hard. No one who does not have the necessary aptitude for out-door work, need apply. No communal or other restrictions.

No interviews except by previous appointment.

Write stating full details as to age, naticnality, educational qualifications, etc., to:
Branch Secretary,
Post Box No. 391,
Bombay. (9331)

NOTICE

QUOTATIONS are invited from printing firms in Bombay who could undertake printing of roughly 150 copies each of 500 originals of instructional drawings and wall charts per year, for the Central Reproduction Instructional Drawing Office, R.I.N. 3rd floor, Mustafa Bldg., Sir Ph. Mehta Road, Bombay. For further particulars apply to the Officer-in-Charge of the above office. (9330)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for temporary posts of Inspectors of Coal and Coke under the Provincial Coal Control Scheme in the scale of Rs. 100-5/2-150 plus Rs. 30/- p. m. Travelling Allowance plus Compensatory Allowance and Dearness Allowance according to the Government Rules.

Candidates possessing engineering qualifications, viz., B.E., L.M.E., D.M.E., etc., and having some previous experience should apply to the Provincial Coal Controller, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, stating age, domicile, qualifications, experience, etc., so as to reach him before 30th June, 1944.

S. D. VASHIST,
Provincial Coal Controller. (9325)

WANTED
MATRICULATES FOR TRAINING AS DRAUGHTSMEN OR SURVEYORS

YOUNG MATRICULATES wanted for training as Draughtsmen and Surveyors

Selected candidates will be trained at CIVMIL Centre for about 8 months.

Pay during training 63/- P.M.*
Starting pay after completing training and passing Trade Test ... 78/- P.M.*
*With free food, accommodation clothing, etc.

This is a splendid opportunity for educated youths with ambition to learn an important and very useful profession.

Young boys of the age of 16-1/2 who have passed Matriculation will be accepted for training and will not be liable for Field Service till the completion of 18 years of age.

Apply at Once to:—
THE TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICE,
Staunton Road: Poona.
Dhobi Talao, (North): Bombay
Punch Kuva, Ahmedabad,
Bungalow No 39, Camp Belgaum.
Military Barracks, Khandwa (C.P.). (9026)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the undermentioned temporary posts which may last for the duration of the War:—

(1) ASSISTANT CONTROLLER: The pay will be fixed with reference to the qualifications and previous experience of the candidates selected, within the range of Rs. 350 to Rs 1,000 per mensem. Candidates must possess a degree in structural engineering of a recognised university and must have had previous experience in engineering works. Preference will be given to candidates with sound knowledge of boilers and fuel economy.

(2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANTS: (Grade I) Rs. 250-20-350. (Grade II) Rs 150-10-200. Minimum educational qualification required Matriculation. Previous experience in a recognised Office dealing with one of the following subjects is also required: Building, structural steel, mill stores, textile machinery, coal and/or statistics. The selected candidates will have to deposit a month's salary before joining duty.

2. Applications in the candidates own handwriting stating age, qualifications, previous experience with emoluments, if any, should reach the Assistant Secretary (Administration, CX2), Office of the Textile Commissioner, Ballard Estate, Bombay, by the 1st July at the latest. Personal interviews will not be granted and canvassing will be a disqualification.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

THE FOLLOWING plots will be put to public auction by the undersigned in his office at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the dates mentioned against them:—

Scheme	Estate or locality.	Plot No.	Approximate area in sq. yds.	User	Deposit payable	Date
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
MUNICIPAL LAND TO BE SOLD OUTRIGHT.						
Municipal land at the junction of Kalbadevi Road and Bhuleshwar Street bearing C.S. No. 2385 of Bhuleshwar Division with a 4 storeyed building known as Old Fire Brigade building.			93	Unrestricted	Rs. 5,000	11-7-44
Municipal land at the junction of DeLisle Road and Fergusson Road.		Case No. M/4 (together with a one storeyed building).	444	Unrestricted	3,000	12-7-44
Municipal land at King Edward Road Golonji Hill Estate		Plot No. 7	2,514	Unrestricted with a right to build a private combined market.	3,000	12-7-44
EX TRUST PLOTS TO BE LEASED						
52	Worli	63-B	2,558	Res.dences	1,000	12-7-44
,,	,,	64	2,621	,,	1,000	12-7-44
6	Sion Matunga	272(West)	1,000	Shops & residences.	1,000	12-7-44
,,	,,	273(West)	1,077	,,	1,000	12-7-44
,,	,,	248(East)	792	Residences	500	13-7-44
,,	,,	253(East)	792	,,	500	13-7-44
,,	,,	254(East)	917	,,	500	13-7-44
,,	,,	255(East)	1,067	,,	500	13-7-44
,,	,,	257(East)	719	,,	500	13-7-44
,,	,,	258(East)	702	,,	500	13-7-44

Parties desiring to bid at the auction will have, prior to the auction to deposit with the Municipality the amount mentioned against each plot. If payment is be made by cheques they should be sent at least 3 days prior to the date of auction. No cheques will be accepted on the date of auction except from recognized Architects or Brokers. An unsuccessful bidder for a plot can avail himself of his deposit for bidding for the next plot A successful bidder, however, will have to pay a fresh deposit before bidding for the next plot. The deposit will be forfeited if the approved bidder withdraws his bid.

Copies of full particulars of a uction and special conditions relating to the plots to be sold or leased, together with a site plan will be supplied on aplication to the undersigned on payment of Annas Eight in each case. The building referred to in item No. 1 above can be inspected on any working day between 8-0 (A.M.) to 11-0 (A.M.) and 2-0 (P.M.) to 6-0 (P.M.) S.T.)

The conditions of the sale as also of lease and other particulars can be inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturday.

Bombay, 24-6-1944. A. R. MANERIKAR,
Estate Agent & Land Manager. (9343)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the purchase of second hand and damaged empty kerosene oil tins. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Re. 1/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 10th July, 1944, at 3 P.M. (N.S.T.) (9348)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

OFFERS ARE INVITED for purchase of 58 bags of Grain sweepings lying in the Rly.'s Central Godown at No. 3 shed Wadi Bunder. Intending purchasers should apply to the Food Controller, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria, with quotations. Samples of the sweepings can be had for inspection in the Central Godown. (9340)

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Bank will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 7th JULY, 1944, to SATURDAY, the 29th JULY, 1944, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director.

Dated the 24th June, 1944.

N.B.—Warrants for the Ad-Interim Dividend for the half-year ending 30th June, 1944, will be posted to the Shareholders to their registered addresses on and after the 14th August, 1944. Intimation of any change of address should be given to the Bank immediately. (9342)

THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTIETH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company in Sir Vithaldas Chambers, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on Friday, the 14th July, 1944, at 5 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To adopt the Directors' Report and audited Accounts for the year ending 31st March, 1944.
(2) To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
(3) To elect two Directors in place of those retiring.
(4) To confirm the appointment of Lady Premlila Vithaldas Thackersey and Mr. Narandas Munmohandas as Directors.
(5) To elect Auditors for the current year.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 1st July to 15th July, 1944 both days inclusive.

VITHALDAS DAMODHAR THACKERSEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Bombay, 12th June, 1944. (9349)

SALE BY TENDER

STEEL SCREW STEAMER 1773 Gross Register Tons built Port Glasgow, 1917. Triple Expansion Engines, Two Scotch Boilers as now lying damaged condition Bombay Harbour.

For further particulars, please apply the Norwegian Shipping & Trade Missicn, Co-operative Insurance Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road. (9345)

THE NEW KAISER-I-HIND SPG., & WVG., CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application has been made to the Directors of this Company to issue to Maneklal Chhaganlal Desai of Bombay duplicate Certificates of Shares in the above-named Company upon the statement that the original Share Certificates bearing Nos. 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 2519 2520 and 2521 in the name of the said Maneklal Chhaganlal Desai have been burnt and destroyed during the recent fire which took place on 14th April, 1944, in Bombay. Any claim in respect of these shares should therefore be notified to the Company at their Registered Office. Mubarak Manzil, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay within one month from the date hereof otherwise duplicate Share Certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1944.

By order of the Board of Directors
HARILAL ODHAVJEE GANDHI,
Secretary. (9339)

THE ACME MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at 'Construction House', Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 18th July, 1944 at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1944, and to declare dividends on Preference, 'A', 'B' and 'C' Shares.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED as from Monday the 10th July 1944 to Tuesday, the 18th July, 1944 (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board of Directors.
B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary.

Construction House,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay 20th June, 1944.

N.B.—The Dividends if sanctioned will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company at 'Construction House' Ballard Estate, Bombay on and from Monday the 24th July, 1944, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Company's register on 18th July, 1944.

To the Shareholders of The Acme Manufacturing Co. Ltd. and in particular to **Mr. Jal P. Kapadia of Colombo.** (9341)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE PANVEL TALUKA ELECTRICAL DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD.
LOST OR DAMAGED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates of this Company in respect of One hundred Shares Nos. 4433 to 4482 and 4483 to 4532 standing in the name of Mr Meghji Gopalji have been lost or destroyed. Any person having claim over the said shares should notify the same at the Registered Office of the Company, Mehta House, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay within one month from the date hereof otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued to the above-named.

J. B. MANECKJI & CO. LTD.,
Managing Agents.

Bombay 26-6-44. (9353)

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai MEHERBAI HORMUSJI NARIMAN has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise, howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of land of the Quit and Ground Rent Tenure (cess whereon is redeemed) situate at Bake House Lane within the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 309 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 36, New No. 4877, Old Survey No. 1395 and New Survey No. 9502 and Cadastral Survey No. 141 of Fort Division together with the dwelling house and all buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward No. 290 and Street Nos. 10, 12 and 14 and bounded on the East by Bake House Lane, on the North and West by the property of E. D. Sassoon and on the South by the property of N. M. Wadia.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1944.

MULLA & MULLA,
9326 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SULEMAN HAJI AHMED OOMER has contracted to sell to our clients his free hold reversionary interest and all his rights and benefits in the undermentioned three pieces of land. Any person having any claim against the said properties in any manner whatsoever is requested to notify the same within 14 days to the undersigned at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Bombay, otherwise the sale will be completed withcut any regard to such claim, if any.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

FIRSTLY:—Land with a building thereon known as "Glemise Villa", situate at Warden Road Cumballa Hill, admeasuring 1109 square yards (being a portion of the lands hereditaments and premises known as "Westfield") bearing part of Collector's New Nos. 455, B/455 and New Survey Nos. 7/7131, 7/7133 and 7133 and Cadastral Survey No. 17/698 Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and Municipal D Ward Nos. 3513 (1C), Old Street Nos. 33 and 35 and New Street Nos 63(N) and bounded as follows: North by a private 20 feet Road, East by the property of the Vendor being Plot No. 9, South by a private 20 feet Road and West by the property known as "Balmoral Villa."

SECONDLY:—Land with a building known as "Sandringham Villa, situate at Cumballa Hill, Warden Road, admeasuring 1240 Square yards (being a portion of the lands hereditaments and premises known as "Westfield") being part of Collector's New Nos. 455 B/455 and New Survey Nos. 7/7131, 7/7133 and 7133 and Cadastral Survey No. 4/698 Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and Municipal D Ward Nos. 3513 (1 D), Old Street Nos. 33 and 35 and New Street Nos. 63 (K) and bounded as follows: North by the property of Husseinbhoy Abdullabhoy Laljee and Jafferbhcy Abdullabhoy Laljee, East by the property of the Vendor being Plot No. 3, South by a private 20 feet Road and West by the property known as "Windsor Villa."

THIRDLY:—Land with six garages (G.H.I.J.K. and L) situate at Warden Road, Cumballa Hill, admeasuring 243 square yards (being a portion of the lands hereditaments and premises known as "Westfield") bearing part of Collector's New Nos. 455, B/455 and New Survey Nos. 7/7131, 7/7133 and 7133 and Cadastral Survey No. 14/698 Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and bearing Municipal D Ward Nos. 3513 (1) 3514(1), 3514(2C), Old Street Nos 33 and 35 and New Street Nos. 63 & and bounded as follows:—North by a private 20 feet Road, East by a garage property of the Vendor and the South and West by the property of Mrs. Hirabai M. Gilder.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1944.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
(9327) Purchaser's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. KASAMALI ALIBHOY, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client, together also with the benefit of the right of way over the private passage to the North-East of the said property leading thereto from Sankli Street.

All persons having any claim or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, possession, easement or otherwise, howsoever, in any way in respect of the said property or any part thereof or the aforesaid right of way are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Prince Building, No. 76 Medow Street, Fort, Bombay within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Foras Tenure (the cess whereof has been redeemed) situate, lying and being off Sankli Street, in the City of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 7,001 (seven thousand and one) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 1-2/3551 (part), 1-2/3552, and 1A. 3 B. 3C (part)

3550

and Cadastral Survey No. 1534 (part) of Byculla Division together with all the messuages tenements, buildings dwelling houses, structures, sheds, and Dhobi Ghats standing and being thereon and which said premises have been assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under 13E Ward Nos 2500 3901, 3902 and 3905 and formerly under Street Nos. 87 88, 89 and 92 and now under Street Nos. 87, 87A and 89 Rippon Road and Nos. 92 Sankli Street and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North partly by the private passage leading from Sankli Street to the property agreed to be sold, partly by the property bearing C S. No 1534 of Byculla Division belonging to Hasanali Mahomedali known as Jubilee Buildings and partly by the property bearing C. S. No. 1743 formerly belonging to Mulji Jetha, on or towards the South by the property bearing C. S. No. 1534 of Byculla Division belonging to Tyebally Mahomedally Bandukwalla and Fidally Mahomedally Bandukwalla, on or towards the East partly by the property bearing C. S No. 1509 of Byculla Division belonging to His Highness the Agakhan and partly by the property bearing C S. No 1508 of Byculla Division belonging to Jesus Mary Convent School and on or towards the West by the property bearing C. S. No. 1739 of Byculla Division belonging to Akbarally Abdeily and Salemahomed Noorani, and all which said premises are in occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 19th day of June, 1944.

GHANDHY & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
9321

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE OF WELL-KNOWN MAKERS AT SAMUDRA-MAHAL, WORLI.

Messrs Gandhi & Co. will under instructions from Com. Industrial Supply Agency, Agents to Samudra-Mahal Palace, sell by Public Auction on Sunday the 2nd July, 1944 at 10 A.M. (S.T.) at Samudra-Mahal, Worli, the surplus furniture of Gwalior State including:—Dining table & Dining Armchairs, Sideboards, Tapestrylined Sofas & chairs Low & Easy chairs, Tapestrylined and cane Arm & Armless Chairs Corner Cabinets Wooden Cots, Dressing table, Iron Cots, Writing tables, Assorted tables tea-poys of various designs, Almirahs, Folding Book-Case Wooden Partition, Bridge tables, Palm-Stand, Atmon Chair (Two seater), Hat-Stand Linnen box, Towel-Stand, Ice-box, Kitchen-Table, Chik-Screens, Marble top garden tables & Iron Chairs etc.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash Deposit and balance to be paid and delivery taken after sale.

AUCTION SALE OF UTILIZABLE COUNTRY TEAK, JUNGLE WOOD CHIR SLEEPERS, BETA PACK, FIREWOOD, ETC

By order of the Asst Director and Officer-in-Charge Military Timber Depot, Sewree, Messrs. Gandhi & Co will offer for Sale by Public Auction on Wednesday the 28th inst at 9-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Military Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewree: Jungle Wood thin boards Country Teak, C. P. Teak, Firewood Chir Sleepers, Side Slabs, Coniferous and large lots of Beta Pack lying at Vadala Depot are open for inspection.

Terms:—20 per cent deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

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